

TECHNO HD MINI USER MANUAL

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For the Electronic Version of this Manual, Visit www.technorouters.com.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS THOROUGHLY *BEFORE* OPERATING MACHINE. DO NOT OPERATE MACHINE IF YOU ARE UNFAMILIAR WITH THESE SAFE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS. DO NOT OPERATE MACHINE WITHOUT KNOWING WHERE THE EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH IS LOCATED.

WARNING: IMPROPER OR UNSAFE OPERATION OF THE MACHINE WILL RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AND/OR DAMAGE TO THE EQUIPMENT.

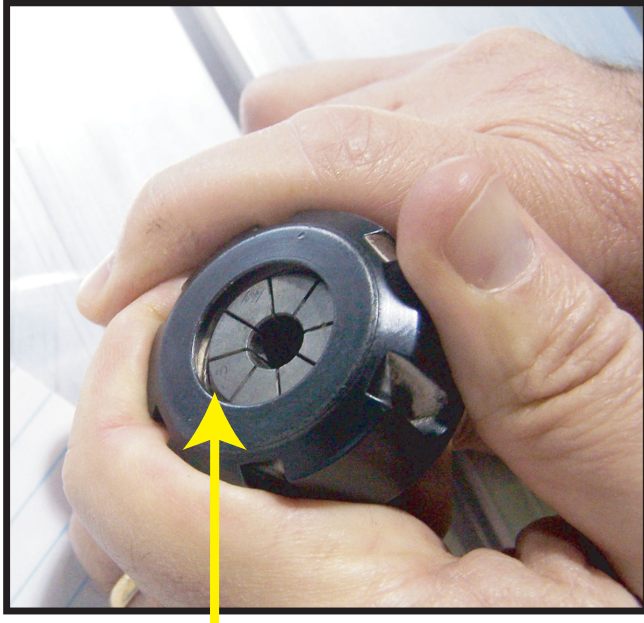
1. Keep fingers, hands, and all other objects away from machine while power is on.
2. Disconnect power to all system components when not in use, when changing accessories, and before servicing.
3. Do not loosen, remove, or adjust machine parts or cables while power is on.
4. Exercise care with machine controls and around keyboard to avoid unintentional starting.
5. Make sure voltage supplied is appropriate to specifications of components.
6. Machines must be plugged into three-pronged grounded outlets. Do not remove the grounding plug or connect into an ungrounded extension cord.
7. Keep cables and cords away from heat, oil, and sharp edges. Do not overstretch or run them under other objects or over work surfaces.
8. Use proper fixtures and clamps to secure work. Never use hands to secure work.
9. Do not attempt to exceed limits of machine.
10. Do not attempt to use machine for purposes other than what is intended.
11. Use machine only in clean, well-lit areas free from flammable liquids and excessive moisture.
12. Stay alert at all times when operating the machine.
13. Always wear safety goggles.
14. Do not wear loose-fitting clothing when operating machine. Long hair should be protected.
15. Always maintain proper balance and footing when working around the machine.
16. Maintain equipment with care. Keep cutting tools clean and sharp. Lubricate and change accessories when necessary. Cables and cords should be inspected regularly. Keep controls clean and dry.
17. Before using, check for damaged parts. An authorized service center should perform all repairs. Only identical or authorized replacement parts should be used.
18. Remove any adjusting keys and wrenches before turning machine on.
19. Do not operate the machine unattended.
20. Follow all safety instructions and processing instructions in the MSDS for the material being processed.
21. Use proper precautions with dust collection systems to prevent sparks and fire hazards.
22. Make sure to have proper fire extinguishing equipment on hand at all times.

PREVENT FIRE HAZARDS by using the proper feeds, speeds, and tooling while operating your Techno machine. For example, setting feeds and speeds too low and/or using dull tool bits creates friction at the material. The friction generates heat which can result in a fire that can be drawn through the vacuum table or dust collector without warning. Fire hazard from friction heating caused by dull tools is possible when cutting certain materials, especially composite material such as wood composites, MDF and Particleboard.

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COLLETING GUIDELINES

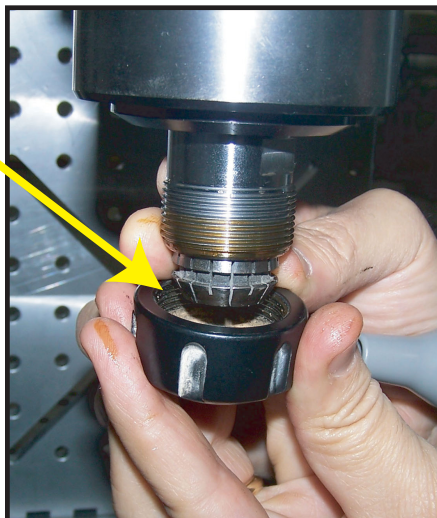
WRONG!



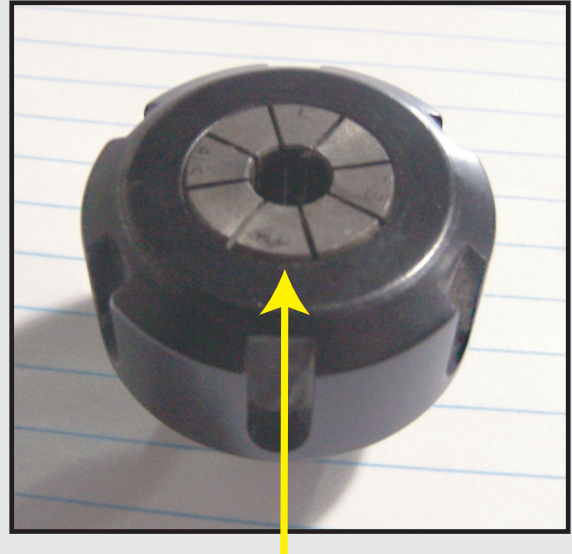
This picture shows an improper assembly. Notice the gap and angle of the collet in relation to the nut. The collet is not flush to the end of the collet nut. Correct this assembly before using.

**DO NOT
PUSH THE
COLLET
INTO THE
SPINDLE AT
ANY TIME!**

Only the proper assembly should be screwed onto the spindle.



RIGHT!



The picture above is how your collet nut assembly should look: the end of the collet is flush with the bottom surface of the collet nut. You will hear and feel a "SNAP" as the collet properly goes into the collet nut. Once it is assembled, then "SCREW" the nut onto the threaded spindle end.

**FOR TOOLCHANGE
AND FIXED COLLET
SPINDLES:**

**ONLY USE TOOLHOLDERS,
COLLET NUTS AND TOOLS
THAT ARE BALANCED TO
MEET OR EXCEED THE MAX
RATED SPEED OF
THE SPINDLE.**



**THE SPINDLE WILL BE DAMAGED IF
UNBALANCED EQUIPMENT IS USED!**

I. TECHNO HD MINI SETUP

The Techno HD Mini Router is powered by 220 Volt AC and the electronics require Single Phase power.



Fig. 1.1a



Fig. 1.1b



1.1 When unpacking the machine, avoid twisting any of the cables. (Fig 1.1a and Fig 1.1b)

1.2 The power cable is supplied without a plug. **You will need to supply your own plug.** Have a suitably qualified person attach the correct plug in compliance with the wiring standards in your area.

The machine must be connected to a 220V, single phase, 15A circuit.

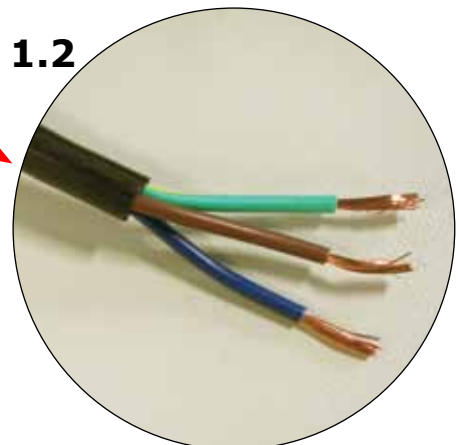
The cable that we supply will be one of two types. It may either be a cable with a brown, blue, and green/yellow wire or a cable with a black, white, and green wire. (Fig 1.2)

Power is connected as follows:

Cable type 1:
Brown - hot
Blue - hot
Green/yellow - ground

Cable type 2:
Black - hot
White - hot
Green - ground

Fig. 1.2



This document will provide a quick guide to the set up and operating procedure of the Techno HD Mini Router with a NCstudio Controller. HD Mini Router is powered by high precision stepper motors and controlled by a hand-held NCstudio controller. It operates independently of a PC and files are transferred from a Cam system via a USB memory stick.

HD *mini*



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I . SAFE OPERATION OF YOUR MACHINE

Read these instructions thoroughly BEFORE operating machine.

WARNING: IMPROPER OR UNSAFE OPERATION OF THE MACHINE WILL RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AND/OR DAMAGE TO THE EQUIPMENT.

1. Keep: fingers, hands, and all other objects away from machine while power is on.
2. Disconnect power to all system components when not in use, when changing accessories and before servicing.
3. Do not loosen, remove or adjust machine parts or cables while power is on.
4. Exercise care with machine controls and around keypad to avoid unintentional starting.
5. Do not allow debris to build up on machine.
6. Machines must be properly grounded.
7. Keep cables and cords away from heat, oil and sharp edges. Do not overstretch or run them under other objects or over work surfaces.
8. Use proper fixtures and clamps to secure work. Never use hands to secure work.
9. Do not attempt to exceed limits of machine.
10. Do not attempt to use machine for purposes other than what is intended.
11. Use machine only in clean, well-lit areas free from flammable liquids and excessive moisture.
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16. Maintain equipment with care. Keep cutting tools clean and sharp. Lubricate and change accessories when necessary. Cables and cords should be inspected regularly. Keep controls clean and dry.
17. Before using, check for damaged parts. Only identical or authorized replacement parts should be used.
18. Remove any adjusting keys and wrenches before turning machine on.
19. To avoid dust from entering the USB slot on the handled controller, keep the USB protective cover closed when there is no USB stick inserted.

PREVENT FIRE HAZARDS by using the proper feeds, speeds, and tooling while operating your Techno machine. For example, setting feeds and speeds too low and/or using dull tool bits creates friction on the material. The friction generates heat which can result in a fire that can be drawn through the vacuum table without you knowing it. Be very careful when cutting composite material, especially wood composites like MDF and Particleboard.

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II. NCstudio Controller Functionality

2.1 Control Panel Functions.

Once the electrical connections have been made, the machine is powered on by pressing the green **POWER** button on the front of the machine.

Figure 2.1a shows the buttons and their functions.

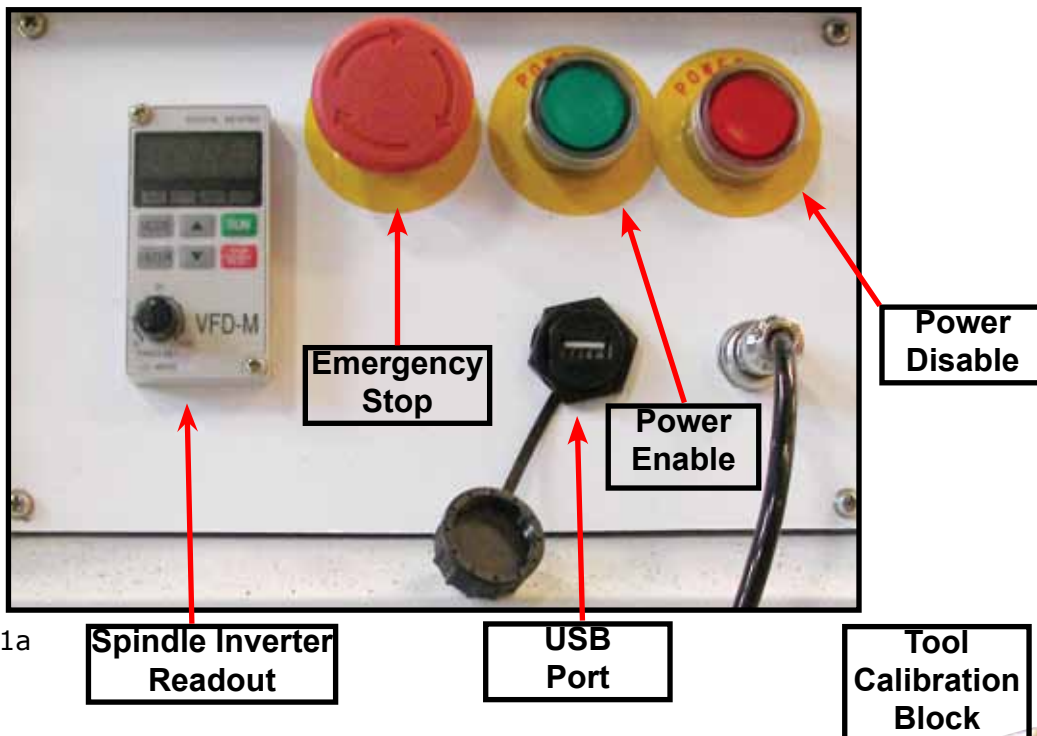


Fig. 2.1a

Once the green **POWER** button has been pressed, the machine is activated.

Figure 2.1b shows the buttons and the hand-held controller.

The front panel also contains the **Spindle Inverter Readout**.

The number on this display multiplied by 60 gives the spindle speed in RPM.

The potentiometer and buttons on this display should **NOT** be touched.

The spindle is controlled by the hand held controller.

Fig. 2.1b



2.2 Enabling The Machine.

When the machine is plugged in, the red **POWER** button will light up indicating the machine is enabled.

Fig 2.2a



Fig. 2.2a

(Note that the red POWER button will light up if the Emergency Stop is turned during operation.)

Activate the machine by pressing the green **POWER** button. Power is now applied to the machine. The green light will now light up and the red light will go off.

Fig 2.2b



Fig. 2.2b

2.3 Start-Up/Home

When the machine first powers on, the display on the controller will light up and display Fig 2.3.

Once the system has booted it will ask the user “Are you sure to back to reference point?”



Fig. 2.3a

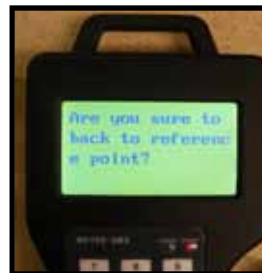


Fig. 2.3b



Fig. 2.3c

This is prompting the user to allow the machine to move back to the end of travel on all axis. There are two options that can be picked by pressing the following buttons.



This will abort the sequence and the machine will stay still. There will be no reference position and break points, offsets and all functions that rely on a reference position will be invalid.



This will cause the machine to first move the Z-axis to the top of travel. Then the X and Y axis will move simultaneously, to the home / reference position. A sensor on the gantry is used to locate this position.

The homing procedure can be canceled at anytime by pressing Stop/Cancel.

Once the machine has moved to the end of travel on each axis it will stop and enter an IDLE state.

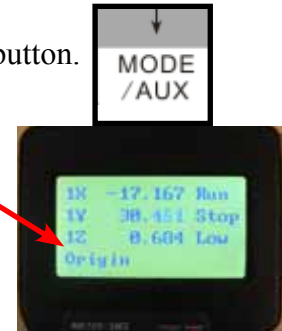
The machine will be in ORIGIN mode, and must be taken out of that mode before it can be jogged.

2.4 Mode Selection.

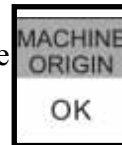
The machine has five modes that can be selected by pressing the mode button.

The mode will be indicated on the bottom left side of the display.

The five modes and their operation are thus:



Origin Mode: In this mode the user can make the machine move to the Home/Reference position by pressing Machine Origin/OK. When in origin mode all other buttons on the keypad are inoperable.



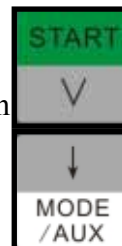
Go to Home Position

Tool Calibration Mode: In this mode the tool touch off block can be used to set Z-zero. Place the block under the tool and on the work piece. Hold Down Mode/Aux and 0/High Speed. The machine will slowly move down until it touches the Tool Calibration Block (TCB.) The machine now incorporates the TCB thickness and sets Z-zero.



Touch OFF Z-Zero

Jogging Mode In this mode the user can jog the machine with the directional keys. Jog speed can be changed from High to Low. X-Y-Z zero can me set. Files can be loaded in this mode by pressing Mode/Aux and Start together.



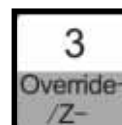
Load File

Stepping Mode In this mode the user can jog in increments by pressing the directional keys. X-Y-Z zero can me set. Files can be loaded in this mode by pressing Mode/Aux and Start together. The step size can be modified by pressing cancel and then entering a new value.

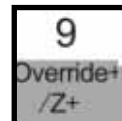


Access Jog Speed Adjustments

Feedrate Mode In this mode the user can increase or decrease the cutting speed of the file by pressing 3/Feed-/Z- or 9/Feed+/Z+. This will modify a multiplier number that will change the speed. The maximum speed increase will be 125% .



Decrease Feedrate.



Increase Feedrate.

Note:

The MENU button will open the Menu screen in all modes.

Files can only be loaded in Stepping and Jog Mode.

2.5 Functions of the Keys:

The Function of the keys are shown below.

<p>Increase the Spindle speed. Input the number 7.</p>		<p>Jog Z-Axis positive. Input number 9. + Override feedrate, (10% to 120%)</p>
<p>Jog the X-Axis Negative direction. Input the number 4.</p>		<p>Jog X-Axis positive direction. Input the number 6.</p>
<p>Decrease the Spindle speed. Input the Number 1</p>		<p>Jog Z-Axis negative. Input number 3. - Override Feedrate</p>
<p>Select High/Low Speed in Jog Mode. Input the Number 0</p>		<p>Enter Menu screen. Input Decimal. Hold down to enter Boot program on start up</p>
<p>Move to XYZ zero. Backspace/Delete. Page Up in Menu. Modify : +/- or Yes/No or polarity when inputting data.</p>		<p>Page down in Menu. Start loaded Life. Modify : +/- or Yes/No or polarity when inputting data.</p>
<p>Move machine to Home. Confirm selections, inputs and operations.</p>		<p>Enter Menu to adjust Jog Speed Settings. Stop file when running. Cancel operations.</p>



Jog the Y-axis in the positive direction.
Input the number 8.

Turn the spindle on/off when in Jog mode.
Input the number 5.

Jog the Y-axis in the negative direction.
Input the number 2.

Set X-Y coordinate system to zero.
Enter a minus(-) sign when in input mode.

Set Z coordinate system to zero.
Up Direction when in menu mode.

Down direction when in menu mode.
Scroll through modes when on main screen.
Used in combination with ovther keys for various functions.

The Mode/Aux key is a special key that can be used in combination with other keys for various functions. The following page lists these functions.

2.6 Combination Keys.

The Function of the keys are shown below. They are accessed by holding down Mode, then pressing the corresponding key.

MODE /AUX	+	START V
MODE /AUX	+	5 SPDL ON/OFF
MODE /AUX	+	6 X+
MODE /AUX	+	4 X-
MODE /AUX	+	7 SPDL+
MODE /AUX	+	8 Y+
MODE /AUX	+	0 HIGH SPEED
MODE /AUX	+	↑ Z→0
MODE /AUX	+	BKSPC ZERO ^
MODE /AUX	+	9 Override /Z+
MODE /AUX	+	1 SPDL-
MODE /AUX	+	2 Y-
MODE /AUX	+	3 Override /Z-

Load a File. This can only be used when in Stepping or Jog mode.

Pause the machine when a file is running.

Resume the file after pause.

Unload the G-code file. This is necessary to load a new file.

Release the machine and Recover after a Hard stop.

Switch between WCS(User Origin,) and MCS(Machine Home Position).

Activate Z Touch-Off procedure. This can only be used in Tool Cali Mode.

Reboot System. Controller will restart.

Log out of Controller and prepare to power down.

Switch between saved origins as called by G54 to G59.

Start file from Break Point 1.

Start file from Break Point 2

Start file from Break Point 3.

III. Operating Tutorials.

3.1- Jogging the machine and changing from High/Low Jog Speed.

To Jog the machine hold down one of the directional keys on the keypad. The keypad has X-,Y+,X+,Y-,Z+,Z- printed on the keys to indicate direction. The machine has two speeds, High and Low. When the machine starts it will be in the Low speed.

To toggle between low and high speed press the High/Low Button. You can only toggle speed when in Jog Mode. The LCD will display High or Low on the Left of the screen.

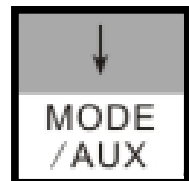


3.2- Switching Jog Mode to Step or Continuous.

There are two modes that allow the user to control the movement of the machine: Continuous and Step. To switch between these modes press the Mode/Aux button. The mode will be displayed on the bottom of the screen. You may have to toggle through other options before Step or Jog appear.

Jog- Is continuous mode, so when directional arrow is pressed the machine will move in that direction until the button is released.

Stepping- Is Step mode, when the directional arrow is pressed the machine will move an exact amount, as dictated by the Jog Speeds Menu. To move again you must release the button and press down again.




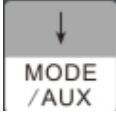
3.3- Modifying the Jog Speed.

The machine can be jogged at two speeds, low and high. These speeds are set in the Manual Processing Parameters page aka jog speed parameter screen. To access the jog speed parameter screen press Stop/Cancel when in Jog or Stepping mode.



Fig 3.3 shows the screen that will be displayed. The values displayed here are in mm.

Press OK to delete the highlighted value.
Enter a new value.
Press OK to accept that value.

Use the keys  +  to scroll to the next selection.

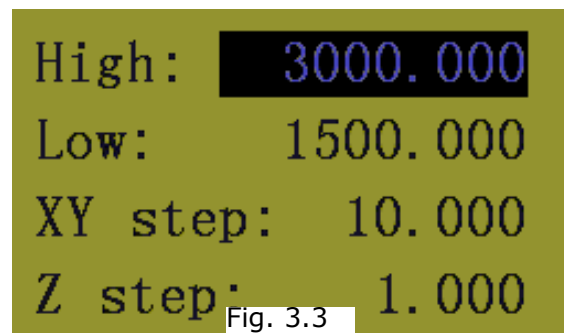


Fig. 3.3

Set the High and Low speed to a suitable value.
Adjust the Step value as needed.

To Exit out of this screen and return to the main menu press Stop/Cancel.

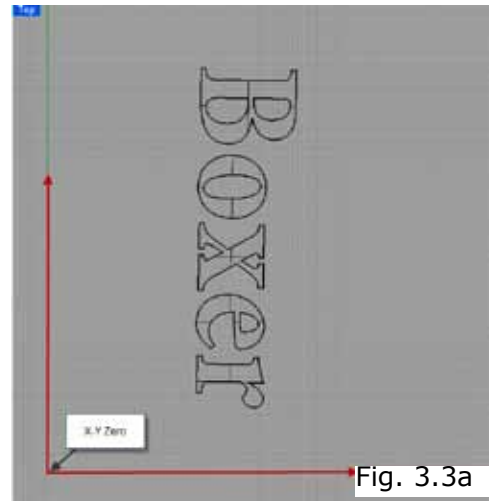


NOTE: Adjust the step size carefully. If you set the step size to an excessive value, the machine will move by that value and could damage the machine.


3.4- Adjusting the XYZ Zero position/WCS/User Origin.

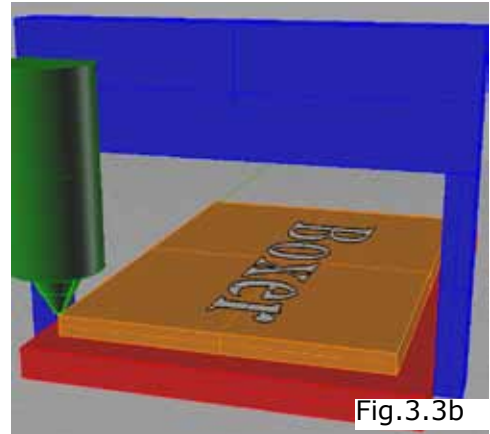
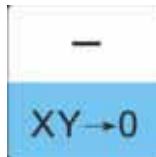
XYZ zero position, Working Coordinate System (WCS), and User Origin are all the same thing. Different CAM systems and users just name the concept differently. For convenience XYZ zero position will be used in the rest of this manual.

XYZ zero position is the location point on a drawing in a CAD/CAM package where X,Y and Z all equal zero. Generally, XY zero is on the bottom left corner and Z zero is the top of the part. In fig 3.3a the letters are located away from the XY zero.



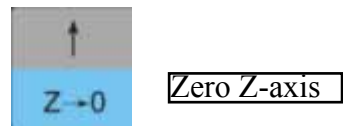
In Fig 3.3b the orange object represents the material the letters will be cut from. The machine should be jogged to the corner of the material by using the directional arrows on the keypad.

Once the machine is in location press  to set XY zero. The coordinates on the controller will change to 0,0. XY zero is now set.

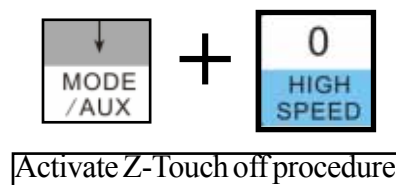


There are two methods for setting the Z-axis zero position.

1.Manual Method: Use the Z-axis directional arrows on the keypad to move the router to the top of the material. Switch to Step Mode to slowly move the machine into position. When the router bit is in position press the Z-0 button as shown.



2.Tool Calibration Block: Switch to Tool Cali Mode by pressing Mode key. Place the touch off block on top of the material and under the cutter. Press mode and 0 simultaneously. The spindle will slowly move down until it touches the touchpad. The Z axis will now be set to the top of the material. See section 4.4 for setting Tool block thickness.

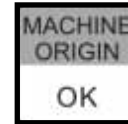


3.5- Loading a File.

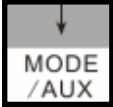
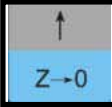
You must be in Jog or Step mode to load or run a file.

-Unload any previous file by pressing  +  simultaneously.

If there is a file present you will be prompted to click ok to confirm the unload. If there is no file, nothing will happen.



Now go to the file menu by pressing  +  simultaneously.

The file menu will open. Move the cursor by pressing  or .

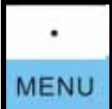
When “USB File list “ is highlighted, press OK.


Move the cursor until the file you want to run is highlighted and press OK.



The file is now loaded and ready to be executed.

3.6 Checking Process Time and File Size.

Before running a g-code file it is a good idea to check that it will not travel in excess of the table, or material. Once a file is loaded the size and process time can be checked by Pressing Menu  to access the menu screen. Move the cursor to

Process Param and press OK . The Processing Parameters will now open. Scroll down until Proces(sing) Time Range is highlighted and click OK.

A Screen similar to fig 3.6 will appear, showing an approximate running time for the file and how far the machine will travel. The coordinates displayed are from the machine origin/home position.

In this example the units are mm, and the file is going to start at X36 Y17 Z0 from the home position (this is where the WCS/XY origin was set by the user.) The file will cover an area as far as X590 Y362 Z1. If the number on the right exceeds the size of the table then the file need to be adjusted or the XYZ origin moved to a different location on the table.

Time	0:20:1	
X:	36	590
Y:	17	362
Z:	0	1

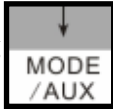

Fig. 3.6

3.6 Running a file.

Once the XYZ origin has been set as per section 3.4 and the file has been loaded as per section 3.5 the user is ready to run the g-code file.

To run the g-code file simple press . The display will read waiting for spindle .

Once the spindle has reached speed the machine will move into position to start the first cut.

The file can be paused while running by pressing  +  simultaneously.

To resume the file press



. To abort the file at any time press



Note:

When the machine pauses the spindle will stop and the Z axis will move to the Z clearance/ Safe height to allow inspection of the part.

If the machine is jogged off the part during a pause it will loose it's position and when the file is resumed it will start from the new position.

When using multiple tools it is best to create separate files for each tool.

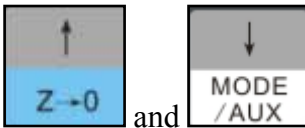
IV. Advanced Tutorials.

4.1- Alternating between Override and Programmed Feedrates.

The controller can run g-code files with speed set by the user on the keypad, override speed, or with speed set in the CAM package/g-code file, programmed speeds.

To determine what speed protocol will be used do the following:

In the main screen, press menu  to enter the menu screen .




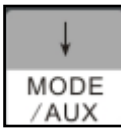
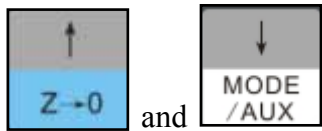

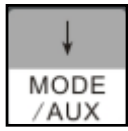
Use the  and  key to scroll the cursor and highlight Process param. Press OK to select, Fig 4.1a.



Fig. 4.1a



Use the  and  key scroll the cursor and highlight G code Id config. Press OK to select, Fig 4.1b.

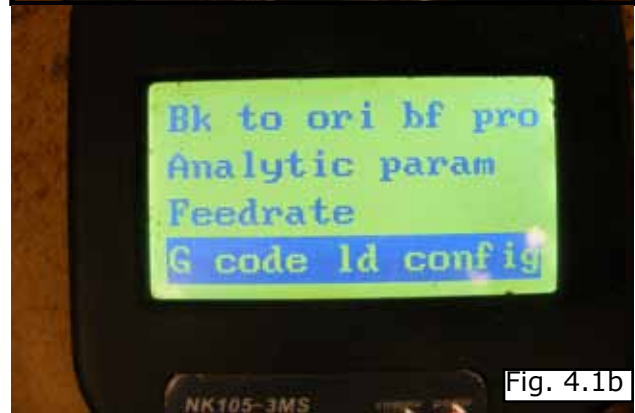
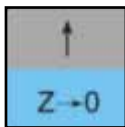
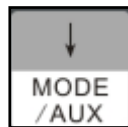


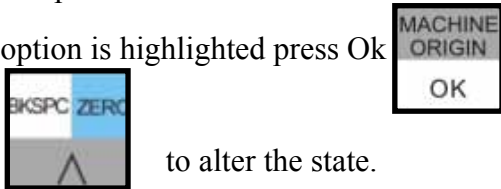
Fig. 4.1b

The g-code id attributes screen will open, Fig 4.1c.

Use the  +  to highlight

the F or S Option. F stands for Feed rates, and S stands for Spindle RPMS.

Once the option is highlighted press Ok to Select.



Press  to alter the state.

No means speed in the g-code file will be obeyed.
Yes means speed will be overrode by the controller.



Fig. 4.1c

4.2 Setting the Override Speed for a G-code file.

From the main screen, press Menu to access the Menu screen. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor and highlight Processing Params , fig 4.2a.



Fig. 4.2a

Press OK to select this option and enter the Processing Parameters screen, fig 4.2b. Move the cursor until Speed Config is highlighted and press OK to select this option.

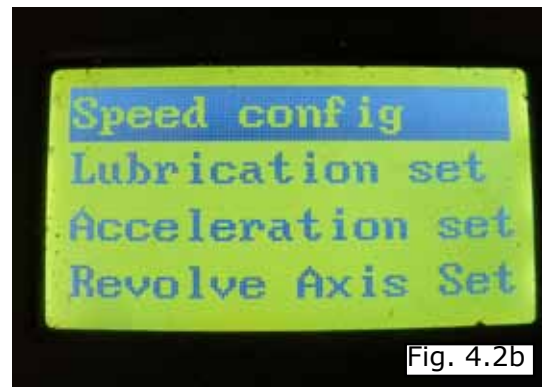


Fig. 4.2b

The Speed configuration screen will now open, fig 4.2c. Use the arrow keys to move between each option and press enter to select the option. Press OK to edit the data and use the number keys to enter data. Press OK to save data and Cancel to exit out of the screen. Keep pressing cancel until you return to the main screen.



Fig. 4.2c

G00 Speed is the rapid speed, or the speed the machine moves when the cutter is above the material.

Processing Speed is the speed the machine moves when the cutter is in the material. This speed will vary with cutter size, material, cutter type, etc etc.

Approaching Spd is the speed the Z-axis will move as it enters the material.

Z Max speed is the maximum speed the Z-axis will move.

Note:

For more information on the Processing Parameter settings see the Techno Manual NK105 HTT060911131.

4.3 Setting the Table Size.

From the main screen, press Menu to access the Menu screen. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor and highlight Machine Params. Press OK to select, fig 4.2a.



The machine parameters screen will now open. Use the arrow keys to highlight Machine Stroke, Fig 4.3b and press OK to select.

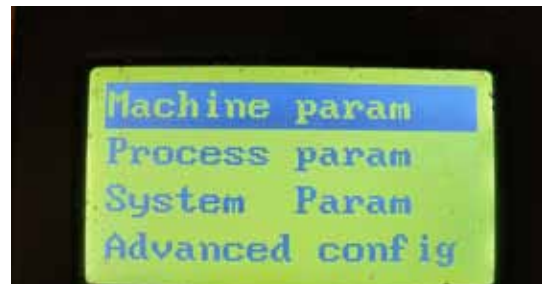


Fig. 4.3a

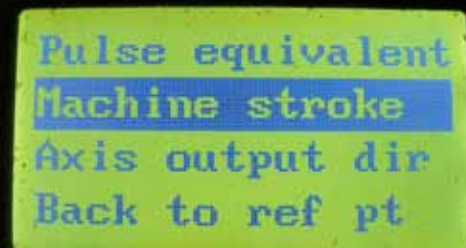
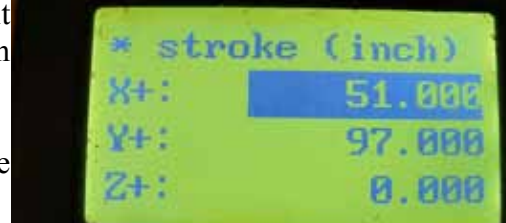


Fig. 4.3b

Use the arrow keys to highlight a value, press OK to edit the value, and press OK to save it. Press Cancel when the value is highlighted to abort the edit.

Use the arrow keys to scroll down the screen until the negative values are displayed.

When all the edits are complete, press Cancel to exit out of this screen. Keep pressing cancel until you return to the main screen.



For a 48*96 machine the values should be X+51,Y+97,Z+0, X-0,Y-0,Z-11.5.

The asterisk * on this setting indicates that the machine must be powered down and the axes homed in order for these new values to take affect.

If these values are incorrect it will effect the running of the machine.

If the values are too small, the machine will stall/stop when it reaches the value entered.

If the value is too big, it is possible for the machine to hit the end of travel and damage could occur.

Note:

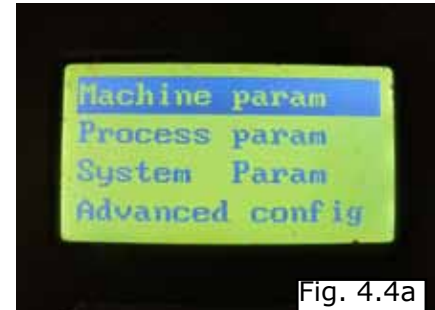
For more information on the Machine Parameter settings see the Techno Manual NK105 HTT060911131.

4.4 Setting the touchpad thickness.

The most accurate way to get the touch pad thickness is by using the machine to measure it's height. The user can calculate the Calibration Block Thickness by doing the following:

Set the Calibration Block Thickness to 0.

To do this press Menu when in the main screen and select Machine Params,fig 4.4a



Use the arrow keys to scroll down and select Block Thickness. Press OK to select, fig 4.4b

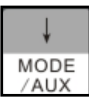

When the block thickness value screen opens, press OK to edit the data, set the block thickness to 0, press enter to save the data, then press Cancel to exit the screen.



Press Cancel until the main screen appears.

Place a Tool in the spindle and place the block on a solid location, on the table, under the tool.

Press Mode  until Tool Calibration Mode is active.

Press  +  together .The tool will slowly move down until it touches the calibration block.

Remove the block from the table and press Mode until Step mode is active. Slowly and carefully jog the machine until the cutter is touching the table. Record the value the Z axis displays, approximately 1.58.

This value is the Calibration Block Thickness. Repeat the steps to enter the Block Thickness, and instead of setting the value to 0, enter the recorded value.

Now whenever the tool touch off is preformed, the machine will add the thickness of the block and set the Z-zero to above the material.

V. Machine Lubrication.

5.1 Lubricating the X-Y Rack and Pinion.

Lubrication is important with rack and pinion gearing systems. A thin film of grease should always be present on the contacting tooth flanks to minimize metal to metal contact.

Lithium grease lubrication is recommended over oil, as the oil lubrication will flow away from tooth flanks.

The grease should be applied to the rails at regular intervals, depending on the usage of the machine. Use a small brush to coat both rails on the side of the Y-axis and the single rail across the X-axis. Fig 5.1

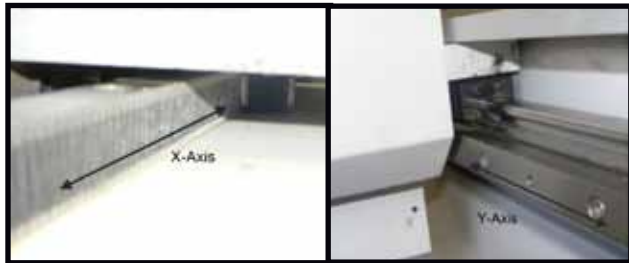


Fig 5.1

5.2 Lubricating the X-Y-Z Rails

The rail carriage bearings are sealed and protected with wipers. The rails should be lightly oiled to allow smooth operation. Avoid a build up of debris on the rails by blowing them off with air, or wiping them down with a rag. The rails do not need to be lubricated as often as the rack, once a month should be sufficient.



X-Axis

Z-Axis

Fig 5.2

5.3 Lubricating Z Ballscrew

The Zaxis uses a ballscrew and ballnut instead of a Rack and Pinion. The ballnut has a nipple for applying lubrication to the mechanism. Fig 5.3a



Lubrication Point.

Fig 5.3a

Lithium grease is pumped into the lubrication point with the application gun provided with the machine. Fig 5.3b



Fig 5.3b

5.4 Recommended Lubricants.

Lithium Based Grease:

Alvania Grease No. 2(Shell)
or Equivalent.

Techno Part No.

H90Z00-8670T8

Oil:

Vactra No. 2s(mobile)

Tonner Oil or Equivalent.

Techno Part No.

H90200-LUBE002

Oil and Grease Kit:

Techno Part No.

H90Z00-LUBEKIT2

NOTE: AVOID A BUILD UP OF DEBRIS ON MOVING PARTS. CLEAN OFF ANY DEBRIS TO AVOID DAMAGING THE MACHINE.

IV. Appendix

Updating the Firmware.

Unzip the files and copy them into the root directory of a USB stick.

The password is techno, if there is a password.

Place USB in the port on the controller box.

Start the machine as per usual.

Press Menu

Select SYSTEM PARAMS

Select Backup Parameter. This will save a backup of your parameters.

Press Cancel until in the main screen.

Press Menu.

Select SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS.

Select SYSTEM UPGRADE. You will be asked Do you want to upgrade? Press OK.

Restart the machine by turning off power, or holding down Mode and Z-0/Up Arrow.

Once the machine starts it will indicate that the USB is ready.

Press OK

Select BACKUP. Press OK. This will save a backup of the system onto the flash drive in a folder called BACKUP.

Select UPDATE PUBLIC.

A message will appear, press OK if necessary.

Select DELETE CONFIG.

Press OK.

Select UPDATE SYSTEM.

A message will appear, press OK if necessary.

Select Start System.

Machine should start and default settings will be set.

You will need to adjust the Machine Stroke/Table Size. And recalibrate the Tool Block

Thickness.

Notes On the G-code File

The controller will recognize files with the extension .nc, .cnc, or , .txt.

If a part requires multiple tools it is best to output a different file for each part.

If the g-code file references a tool number higher than T10 then the controller will give an error at the start of the file. M6 T1 to M6 T10 are allowed.

In general it is best to remove T commands by telling the CAM package that the machine is not a tool changer machine, or insuring that the Tool number does not exceed 10.

G92 is the Axis presetting command, when this command is encountered in the g-code file the XYZ zero position is set at the position the machine is in at that time.

In general it is best to remove this from the g-code file, or if it is in the g-code file, make sure the machine is at the origin before you press start.

The controller will recognise G54 to G59 offset commands. See the NK105 manual for more details on these commands.

Acceleration Set

Under the menu Process Params, there is a sub menu called Acceleration Set.

This menu has three parameters that control the acceleration and cutting motion of the machine.

The Defaults for these parameters are:

Jerk	-310
Single Axis Acc	-50
Max Cycle Acc	-100

A low Max Cycle Acc will result in arcs that move in a jerky motion or at a slow speed.

Hand-Held Controller Manual

1. System Characteristics of NK105

The NK105 is a standalone motion controller that is operated with a hand held controller that connects to a main control box. The software running the system is called Ncstudio. It is easy to use and provides many flexible functions.

Ncstudio™ system includes the following characteristics:

- Supports G code of ISO standard, file format of ENG/DXF/NC.
- Supports incremental feed in continuous and step mode. The user can adjust the feed rate and the length of step.
- Supports copying and processing of files on a USB flash disk.
- Supports spindle speed adjustment in 8 steps from High to Low. Spindle speed can be adjusted in real time during processing.
- Supports advanced processing modes, including processing by selecting file line number. (Skip function.)
- Supports pause during processing and skipping to pause point. 3 breakpoints can be saved after a pause, and user can select any of the 3 breakpoints to continue processing.
- Machine has a fixed reference point, mechanical origin, from which locations can be referenced.
- Supports multi-workpiece mode, rotary mirror image function and arc speed limit function.
- Supports auto tool calibration function, which allows the user to set Z-zero location quickly.
- Supports feed ratio on-line adjustment. In the machining process, user can adjust the feed ratio at any time. The least value is "0", meaning processing suspension, and the maximum ratio is 120%.
- Contains a high-speed smoothing algorithm. NCstudio contains an adaptive prediction algorithm for processing speed. In accordance with speed value, direction and maximum acceleration, and the function of forward prediction, the algorithm decides the connection speed between the current instruction and the next instruction. This increases the processing efficiency making the machine cut in faster times with a improved edge finish.
- Contains a flexible acceleration/deceleration control algorithm, which improves cut quality.
- Ncstudio has a special embedded processing file manager. The user can save files to internal memory on the controller and access files quickly.
- Parameters for the controller can be saved and easily recalled if the firmware becomes corrupt.

2. Basic Concepts of NK105

NK105 application system involves various concepts, such as workpiece coordinate system, mechanical coordinate system, operation mode, operation state etc. Therefore, it is necessary for user to grasp the meaning of these concepts before using NK105.

2.1. Operation Mode and State

2.1.1. Operation Mode

It is necessary for user to understand operation mode correctly. For Machine operation there are two modes.

Auto mode

Under automatic operation mode, the machine is taking commands from the G-code file. The user can pause, adjust the speed and feed, or stop the machine.

Manual mode

Under Manual mode the machine operation is being controlled by the user. There are four basic Manual modes: jog, stepping, origin and tool calibration motion modes.

- **[Jog] mode:** The machine is moved by the user with the directional arrows on the hand held controller. This is used to move the machine quickly and has low or high speed.
- **[Stepping] mode:** The machine will move by the exact amount as specified in the Step size. Used for precise positioning of the tool.
- **[Origin] mode:** This will send the machine to the Origin on the table.
- **[Tool calibration] mode:** This is used to set the Z zero position by touching the tool off the calibration tool.

2.1.2. Operation State

Operation state can be defined as the Status of the machine. Operation state will be shown on the top right of the display. The machine can be in one of the following states of operation.

IDLE state

Idle state is when the machine has no input and it is ready to accept commands for operation.

E-STOP state

E-stop state occurs when there is a hardware fault, such as a cable disconnected or the E-stop is pressed. Upon reaching such state the spindle and pump will turn off. The machine cannot be jogged until the e-stop state has been reset and a normal state is active.

Running state

When the machine is implementing any action, system enters into running state. Such as homing, running a g-code file or going to origin.

Pause state

When a file is running and the user presses “**pause**,” system will enter into this state and wait for further instruction. At this time, the user can let system enter the “running” state by pressing “**pause/continue**” key or stop system by pressing “**stop/cancel**” key.

LOCK state

Lock state is an internal state which occurs when soft limit operation is performed, i.e. an axis tries to move beyond the tables size of the machine.

2.2. Machine Coordinate System

The coordinate system describes the motion of the machine tool, in the XYZ plane. For the sake of unification, the standard coordinate system adopts the right-hand rule, as shown in **Fig.2-1**:

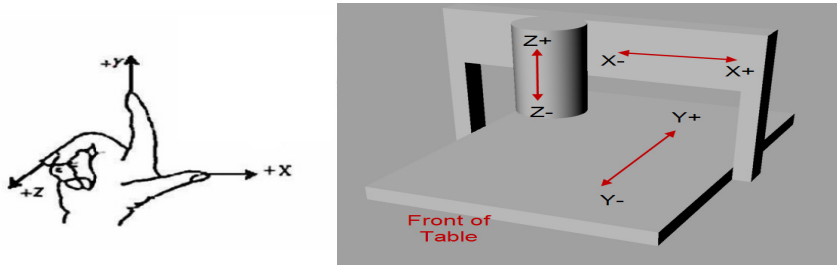


Fig. 2 1 Coordinate system abiding by right-hand rule

- **—Z-axis** is the up/down movement of the spindle. The direction of the cutter moving away from the workpiece is the positive direction of the Z axis (+Z).
- **—X-axis** is the left to right movement of the machine, if facing the spindle. X+ is right, X-is left.
- **—Y-axis** is the front to back movement of the machine, if facing the spindle. Y+ moves toward back, Y- to the front.

2.2.1. Mechanical Coordinate System (MCS)

Mechanical coordinates system (MCS) is the plane determined by the home switches. The **MCS** is a fixed system. The zero position will remain constant and never change in this coordinate system. In the **MCS** the XYZ zero position is at the extent of travel where the machine triggers the Home switches. Generally **MCS** is only used to reference an offset.

2.2.2. Workpiece Coordinate System (WCS)

Workpiece coordinates system (WCS) is the coordinate system that will be most often used when machining parts. **WCS** is the XYZ origin/zero point that is determined by the user on the table. In the CAD/CAM software the user determines where XY zero is in relation to the part they want to cut and if the Z zero is on the top, or bottom of the material. Generally this is in the bottom left corner of the material and the Z zero is on the top of the material.

On the machine the user will jog the machine where they want the **WCS** XYZ zero to be, and press the Zero XY and Zero Z button. The coordinate readout on the controller will now be zero and operating in the **WCS**

3. Functions & Operation Methods of Panel Keys

3.1. Brief Introduction

The arrangement of panel keys is shown in Fig. 4-1.



Fig. 4-2 Panel keys arrangement picture

3.2. Function Information of Each Single-key

NK105 operation panel is simple and easy to use. All the functions of the machine are carried by pressing one key, or by pressing a combination of two keys. Table1 displays the function of each key

Table 1 Single-key function table



























Key icon	Function
7 SPDL+	Increases spindle speed when the spindle is On / Input of number 7
8 Y+	Moves Y-axis in the positive direction. / Input of number 8
9 Override+ /Z+	Positive shift of Z-axis / Input of number 9 / Increases the feedrate when a file is running. (The range is from 0.1 to 1.2, each press increasing 0.1)
4 X-	Moves the X-axis in the negative direction / Input of number 4
5 SPDL ON/OFF	Start/stop of spindle under manual mode / Input of number 5
6 X+	Moves the X-axis in the positive direction. / Input of number 6
1 SPDL-	Decreases spindle speed when the spindle is on / Input of number 1
2 Y-	Moves the Y-axis in the negative direction / Input of number 2
3 Override- /Z-	Moves the Z-axis in the negative direction / Input of number 3 /Decreases the feedrate when a file is running. (The range is from 0.1 to 1.2, each press increasing 0.1)
0 HIGH SPEED	Selection of high or low speed movement when jogging / input of number 0
- XY→0	Moves X and Y axis to the zero position. / input of minus sign
· MENU	Entering menu setup/ input of decimal point/ forced entrance to BOOT program during system startup
BKSPC ZERO ^	Move XYZ to workpiece origin/ Backspace during input/ Page up in menu page/ Alternate between “plus-minus, yes-no and polarity” during input
↑ Z→0	Move Z-axis to Zero position/ up direction key
START V	Page down in menu page / Alternate “plus-minus, yes-no and polarity” during input / Start processing file in processing page
MACHINE ORIGIN OK	Move to mechanical origin under [origin] mode /Confirmation of various selections, inputs and operations
↓ MODE /AUX	Down direction key / Mode shift under processing page / Shortcut key button (mode button is valid when pop-up.)

<div style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-bottom: 2px;">STOP</div> CANCEL	Adjustment of manual High/ Low speed in processing page/ Exit Processing page/ Cancel of various selections, inputs and operations
---	--

3.3. Function Information of Combination Key

The usage of each combination key is as follows: press the first key then the second; release the two keys simultaneously after the corresponding content appears.

Table 2 Combination key function table

Key icon	Function
 + 	Floating calibration under [tool calibration] mode
 + 	Run file from breakpoint 1
 + 	Run file from breakpoint 2
 + 	Run file from breakpoint 3
 + 	Unload file. This must be done before a new file is loaded into the system.
 + 	Pause during processing
 + 	Resume after pause
 + 	Release and recovery of hard limit
 + 	Switchover between WCS and MCS
 + 	Selection of WCS (from G54 to G59)
 + 	System reboot
 + 	Log-out
 + 	Selection of a processing file: after this combination key is pressed, system will load the processing file; if the file has been loaded, system will give a prompt that "please unload first", at this time, combination

3.4. Backing to Machine Origin

Machine origin is determined by the physical location of the limit/home switches on the machine. It is also called the Home Position. This is a fixed position that remains unchanged. Once the controller knows this position it can be used as a reference position to recall and save origins in the WCS, recall and save breakpoints etc. It is essential to move to the machine origin when the router starts.

3.4.1. Parameter Setting of Backing to Machine Origin


The [Back to machine origin] parameters include [back to mechanical origin speed], [back to mechanical direction] and [retract distance].


◆ [Back to ref pt sp] (back to reference point speed)



This parameter controls the speed at which the machine moves to the Home position. If the speed is too fast, the gantry can hit the hard stop possibly damaging the machine.



To adjust this speed:

After the system start-up, press  to enter menu page, move the cursor to

“machine param” item, then press   to enter configuration item.

Then press  to move the cursor downward to “back to reference point”.

Now press   to enter, move the cursor to “back to mechanical origin speed”.

Press   to set the speed. The setting picture is as shown in Fig. 4-3.

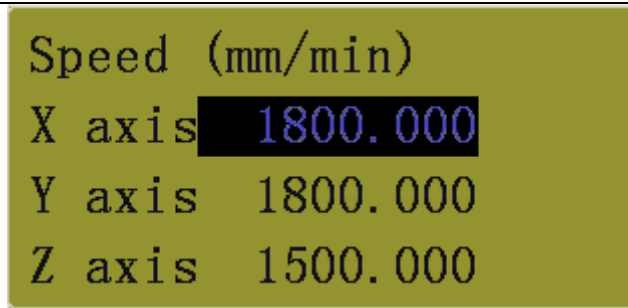







Fig. 4-3 Setting picture of [back to mechanical origin speed]

Press  to enter modification mode and clear all the figure of the selected item, then enter a new value. If the value is entered incorrectly, press  to delete the last character, or press  to delete the new entered value and return to show the original value.

Press  to save the parameter when the correct value is entered.

Press  or  to switch to Y and Z axes.

Note:

Data entry and modification can't be executed if  is not selected before input.


If the new value is not saved before switching to other axes during input, original value will be restored.


Pressing "cancel" during input will shift to modification mode. The previous input will be canceled, and the original value will be restored. Without selecting, user can input a new value again. Then press "cancel" again to exit from the current page and return to the upper page. If modification mode has not been shifted to, press "cancel" to exit from the current page directly and return to the previous page.

◆ **[Back to ref pt dir] (back to reference point direction)**

This parameter is determined by the direction settings of the motor, and the location of the Home switch on the machine. Unless additional home switches have been installed on the machine, the factory default for this setting is the only acceptable setting.

In the Machine Param menu.

Press  to move cursor to "back to mechanical origin direction" option.

Press  to enter the direction menu. The setting picture is as shown in Fig. 4-3.

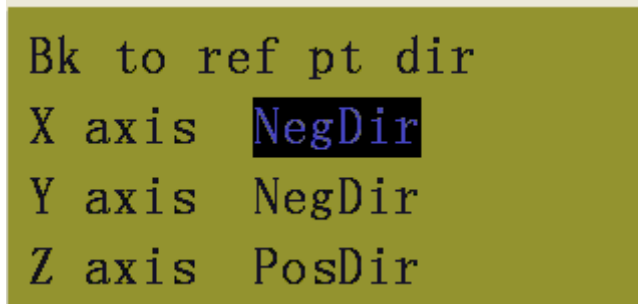


Fig. 4-4 Setting picture of [back to mechanical origin direction]

Press to modify the value, then press and to change the direction.

Press to save the parameter. Press or to move to Y and Z axes.

Note:

Attribute modification can't be executed if is not selected before input.

If you switch to other axes during input, original attribute will be restored and the new entered attribute will not be saved.

Pressing "cancel" during input will shift to modification mode. The previous input will be canceled, and the original value will be restored. Without selecting, user can directly change the attribute again. Then press "cancel" again to exit from the current page and return to the upper page. If modification mode has not been shifted to, press "cancel" to exit from the current page directly and return to the upper page.

◆ **[Retract distance]**

This parameter is the distance the machine backs off once it has triggered the Home/Limit switch.

The modification method of [retract distance] parameter is the same as that of [back to mechanical origin speed] parameter.

3.4.2. Operation Method of Backing to Mechanical Origin

Once the system has started, press to shift current mode to origin mode,

then press to execute the operation of backing to mechanical origin/ homing the machine. The direction, speed, and retract distance of backing to origin are decided by the

corresponding parameters previously set.

4. Processing Operation

There are two processing modes, Manual and Automatic.

4.1. Manual Processing

Manual processing is when the movements of the machine are controlled by the user. After backing to the home position, the system will enter manual state and the screen display is as shown in Fig. 6-1.

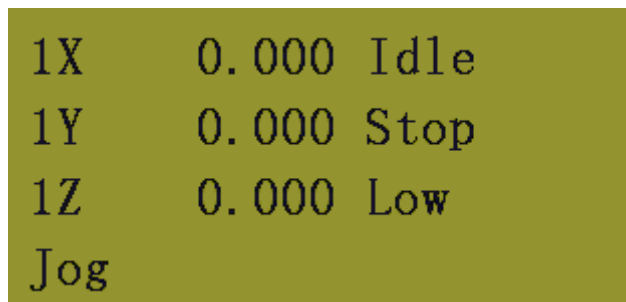


Fig. 6-19 Screen display of manual processing

4.1.1. Manual Processing Parameters Setup

There are two continuous speeds that the machine can be jogged at, high and low.

Manual high speed and manual low speed can be switched by pressing high speed key



The machine can also be jogged in Step mode. In step mode the machine will move an exact amount with every push of the jog button. This is used to move the machine with high precision.

The High/Low speed and the step size can be adjusted in the parameter menu, access this

menu by pressing  , as shown in Fig. 6-2.

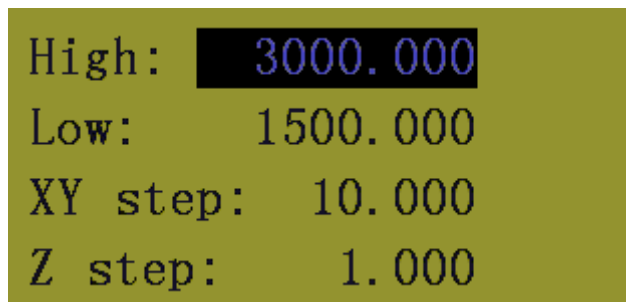








Fig. 6-20 Manual processing parameters setting page

Move cursor to select the parameter to be by pressing up key  or down key  . After

selection, press  to enter modification mode and clear the figure of the selected option. Then


input the new value. If the input is not correct, press backspace key  to delete the last

character, or press cancel key  to delete the input value, The original figure will be restored.

Confirm the modification and save the parameter by pressing  key . Then press down key

 or up key  to switch to Y axis or Z axis.

4.1.2. Manual Processing Mode

There are four modes for manual processing. To switch between these modes press  . The mode will be displayed at the bottom of the screen.


◆ Jog motion mode

In jog mode the machine can be moved in continuous motion with the numeric pad. Files can also be loaded and XYZ zero position can be set.

◆ Stepping motion mode



In step mode the machine will move an exact amount with every push of the jog button. This is used to move the machine with high precision.

◆ Origin motion mode

In this mode the machine will move to the Home position when  is pressed.

◆ Tool calibration motion mode

This mode is used to touch off the Z-zero position with the Tool Calibration block. The

combination key  + , is used to activate the Touch off sequence. The Z axis will slowly move down and the tool will touch the calibration block. After the tool calibration is completed, the Z axis will move 5mm away from the surface of calibration block.

4.1.3. Switchover between WCS and MCS

WCS and MCS can be switched by pressing the combination key  + .

The screen display is shown in Fig. 6-3.

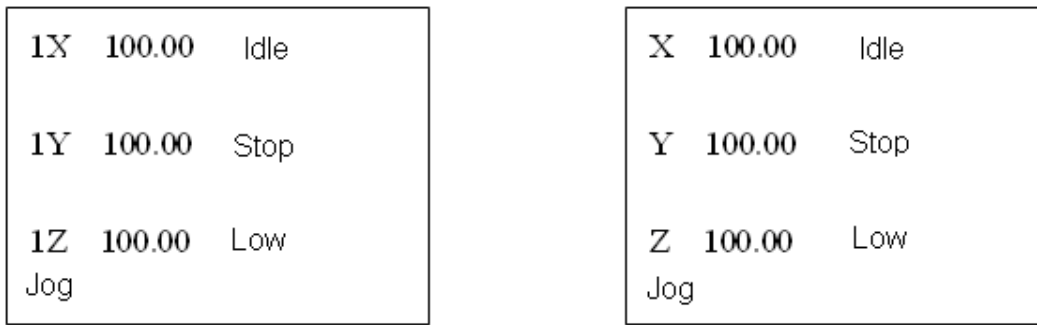




Fig. 6-21 Screen display diagram of WCS and MCS

4.1.4. Selection of WCS

The 6 workpiece coordinate systems can be saved. They can be selected by pressing the

combination key  + , and their screens are shown below.

1X 100.00 Idle	2X 100.00 Idle	3X 100.00 Idle
1Y 100.00 Stop	2Y 100.00 Stop	3Y 100.00 Stop
1Z 100.00 Low Jog	2Z 100.00 Low Jog	3Z 100.00 Low Jog
4X 100.00 Idle	5X 100.00 Idle	6X 100.00 Idle
4Y 100.00 Stop	5Y 100.00 Stop	6Y 100.00 Stop
4Z 100.00 Low Jog	5Z 100.00 Low Jog	6Z 100.00 Low Jog

Fig. 6-22 Screen display diagram of different workpiece coordinate systems


4.2. Auto Processing

Auto processing is when the machine is running a g-code file.


4.2.1. Operation Steps of Auto Processing

◆ Confirm the workpiece origin



Jog the machine so the tool is in the location that you want to set as the XY zero position, also

called WCS origin. Press  for zero the XY coordinates. The display will now read X 0, Y 0.

There are two ways to set the Z zero position.

1. Slowly jog the tool down until the tool is on top of the material. Press  to zero the Z coordinate.
2. Place the Calibration Tool Block on top of the material and activate the Touch off Z-zero as described previously.

◆ Load the File

Once the origin is set, press this combination key  +  to enter file selection page.

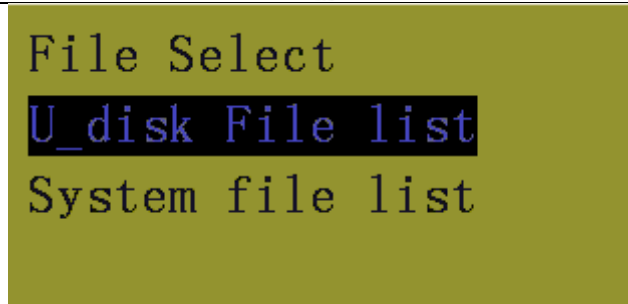









Fig. 6-23 File selection page

Move cursor to select a file list by pressing  or . Then press  to enter the selected file list. Move cursor to select a file by pressing  or . Press the ok key  to load the selected g-code file. System will automatically switch to the processing page when the file is loaded.



◆ **Start processing**

Press the start key  to start auto machining in the processing page.

Information such as feed override and feed rate are scrolled on the screen during file processing.



4.2.2. Machining Process Adjustment

◆ **Feed override adjustment**



Feed override can be adjusted by pressing  or  during file processing.

Current feed rate= machining speed * current feed override
 The range of feed override is 0.0 ~ 1.2.



◆ **Spindle speed adjustment**

Spindle speed is adjusted by pressing  or .

◆ **Suspend processing and adjust position**

Pause the file by pressing the combination key  + .

◆ **Continue after pause**

Resume the file by pressing the combination key  + .

4.2.3. Processing Exit, Breakpoint Saving & Resuming

To abort a file before it completes press  , the following screen will be displayed.

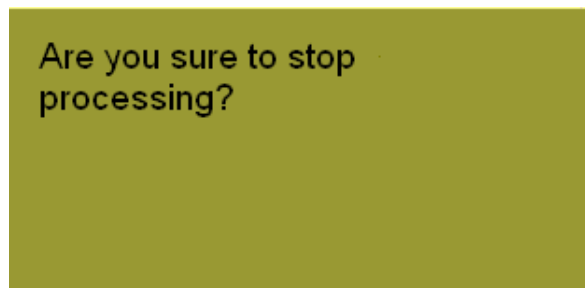



Fig. 6-24 Processing stop and system exit prompt page

Press , and the screen display is as following:

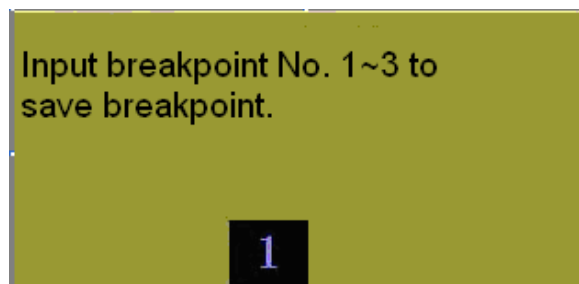


Fig. 6-25 Breakpoint saving prompt page

System can save three breakpoints. User can enter the breakpoint No. by pressing number key 1 ~ 3 when the breakpoint prompt appears. Then press the ok key to save the current breakpoint and stop processing. Processing page will display:

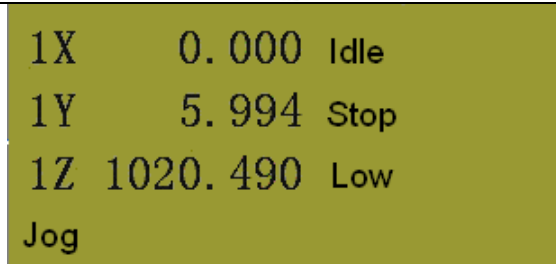




Fig. 6-26 Page after exit from processing



To resume from breakpoint 1 press  + . The system will display a prompt “are you sure to start breakpoint resume?”. Press OK to continue processing from breakpoint 1.

4.2.4. Limit Treatment

◆ Software limit

Software limit occurs when a file exceeds the set “machine stroke range”, table size. Jog the machine in the opposite direction if the limit is reached.

◆ Hardware limit

If the machine hits the hard limit, press the combination key  +  to release the limit. Jog the machine in the opposite direction of the limit once it has been released.

5. Menu Page

5.1. Summarization

The default mode after system start-up is manual mode. The page for this mode displays the following information: coordinate axis, coordinate value, operation state, spindle state, type of manual speed and processing mode, as illustrated in Fig. 5-1.

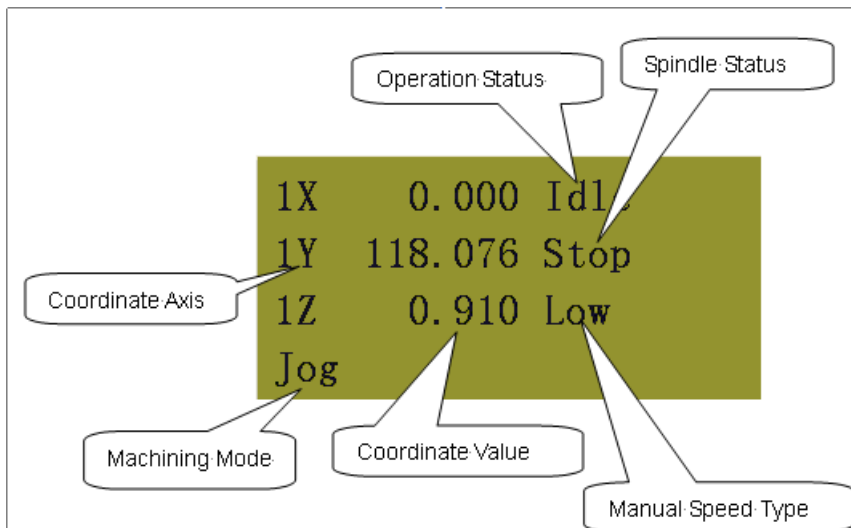


Fig. 5-1 Processing page

The coordinate system displayed will be the WCS by default and will be indicated by a number and the axis ie 1X. The MCS will be indicated by an asterisk (*) beside the axis. Alternating





between the coordinate systems is done by pressing the combination key  and .

Fig. 5-1 is WCS, and the number 1~6 before X/Y/Z axis indicates the coordinate system that can be called up by G54 to G59 in the G-code.


Machining mode can be selected by pressing . The mode can either be jog, stepping, origin and tool calibration.

Operation state includes idle, E-stop, running, pause and lock states.

The spindle can be manually controlled by pressing .

Manual speed can be either manual high or low speed, which can be switched by .

Please refer to chapter 6.1.1 manual processing for further information.

Press  to enter menu page. There five parameter menu items, but the LCD can only show 4 of them, as shown in Fig. 5-2.

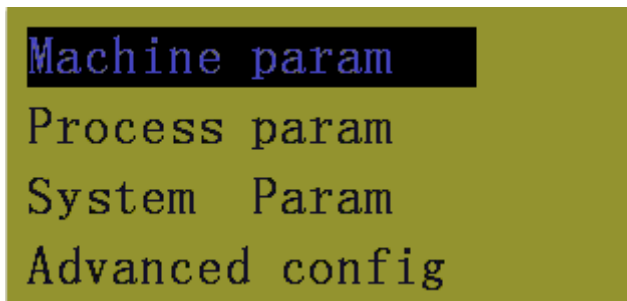







Fig. 5-5 Menu parameters page

Move cursor to select a parameter item by pressing , ,  and . Then press  to enter its submenu.

5.2. Machine Parameter Configuration

These parameters are related to mechanical operation of the machine. Please note that improper setting of these parameters can cause abnormal execution of file operation, mechanical failure and even injury to the operator. Therefore, great care should be taken when modifying these parameters. If it is necessary to change them, please carry out it under the guidance of Techno Tech Support.

The menu level included in machine parameter configuration is as follows.

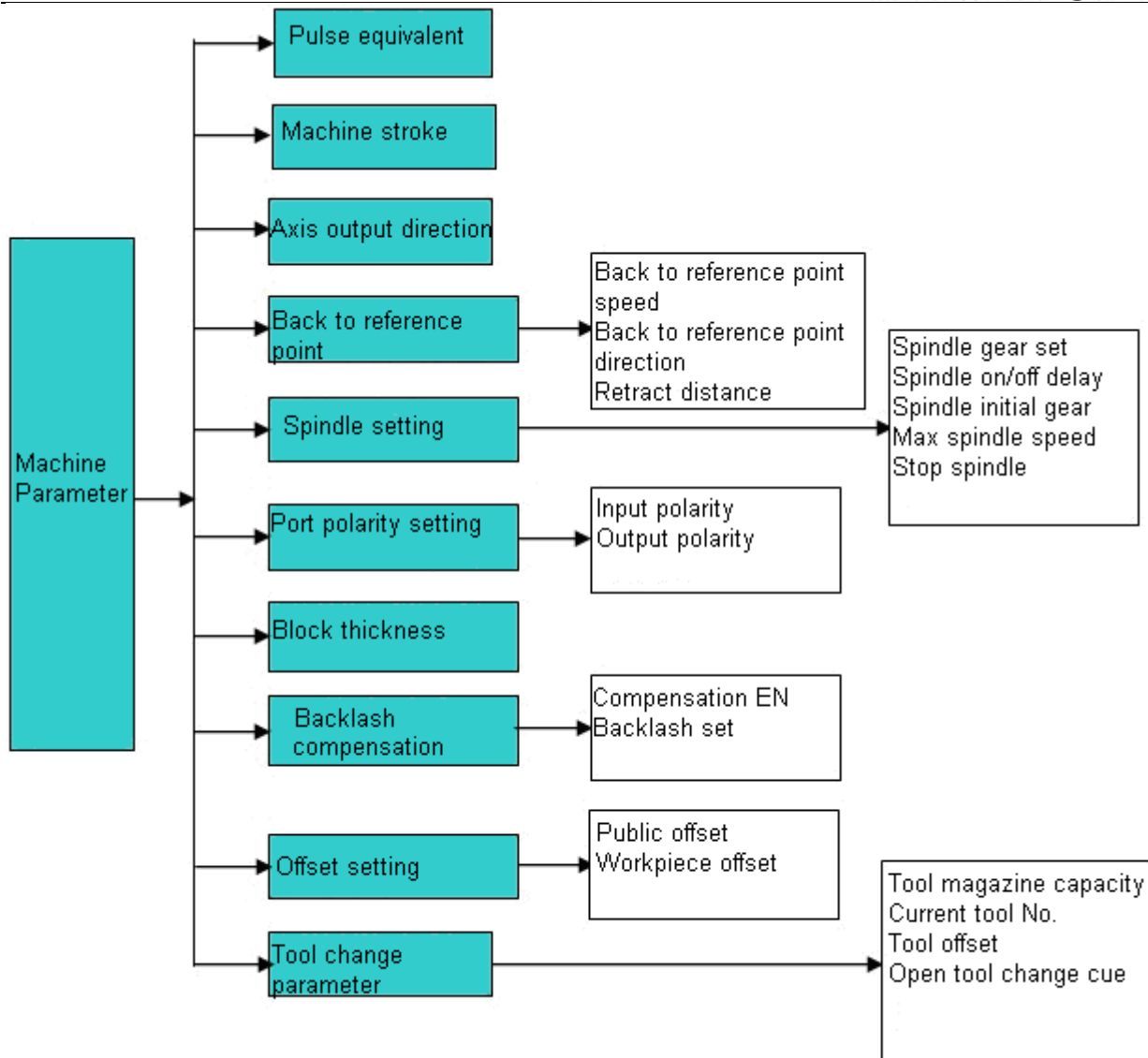


Fig. 5-6 Submenus of all different levels under machine parameter configuration page



5.2.1. Pulse Equivalent

Pulse equivalent is how much the machine moves when one pulse is applied to the motor. Its unit is millimeter/ pulse and its calculation formula is as follows:

$$\text{Pulse equivalent} = \frac{\text{lead screw pitch}}{((360 \text{ degree} / \text{stepping angle}) * \text{subdivision number})}$$

If the value of pulse equivalent is not correct the dimensions of parts will be inaccurate.

WARNING: DO NOT CHANGE THESE VALUES UNLESS INSTRUCTED TO DO SO BY TECHNO. INCORRECT VALUES COULD DAMAGE THE MACHINE.

When cursor is on the configuration item of pulse equivalent, press   to enter password page which will prompt user to enter the password. Default password is 123456.

The procedure for modification of this value is the same as modifying [back to mechanical origin speed].

Pulse equivalent menu is shown in Fig. 5-4. The sign “*” before the title bar indicates modification to this parameter is valid after system reboot.

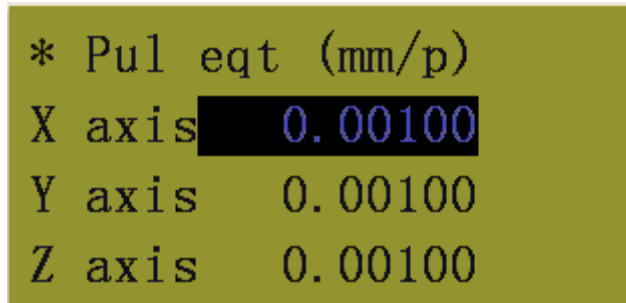


Fig. 5-7 Setting page of pulse equivalent

5.2.2. Machine Tool Stroke

Machine tool stroke refers to the size of the table. This will set the table size from the MCS zero position. This value must be accurate and should be the dimensions from the Home position to the opposite end of the gantry.

If the file had dimensions that exceed the table size, a message will appear saying the processing is out of range, i.e. “X-axis positive limit”. This will eliminate the possibility of the machine hitting the end of travel.

Modification of this parameter is valid after reboot.

5.2.3. Axis Output Direction

This setting will change the direction the machine jogs. Changing this setting will require modifications to homing direction, machine tool stroke, and other settings. Modifying this setting will essentially flip the jog direction of the machine. -X will now be +X etc.

Modification to this parameter is valid after reboot.

5.2.4. Backing to Mechanical Origin Setup


See section 1.4. for an explanation of this function.


5.2.5. Spindle Setup

This menu contains the parameters for control of the spindle, including parameters of spindle gear/speed settings, spindle on/off delay, spindle initial gear and maximum spindle speed. Spindle



speed can be changed while the spindle is running by using the handheld controller or by using the controller on the inverter, depending on the inverter and controller programming.

◆ **[Spindle gear setting]**


To access this setting: move cursor to “spindle gear setting”, press  to open the menu.

This number determines speed table of the spindle. There are 7 steps available. Press  to confirm the input.

Then set the line state of each gear speed according to state definition of multi-section speed control interface of inverter. “○” corresponds to the OFF state of transducer multi-section speed,

while “●” corresponds to the ON state of transducer multi-section speed. Press  or  to

move cursor, and  or  to alter the attribute. After setup finishes, press  to confirm



the modification and shift to the modification page of the next line state, or press  to cancel the modification and return to the upper menu.

Note:
Modification to this parameter becomes valid after reboot.

◆ **[Spindle on/off delay]**

This is the amount of time the machine will wait for the spindle to reach the required speed, before the machine starts running a g-code.

This page only has one parameter. Input the value directly without selecting it, and then press

 to save the value and return to the upper menu, or press  to cancel the input value and return to the upper menu.

◆ **[Spindle initial gear]**

This is the default speed for the spindle.
Modification to this parameter becomes valid after system reboot..

◆ [Maximum spindle speed]

This sets the maximum speed of the spindle. This should be the speed that is programmed into the inverter.

Modification to this parameter becomes valid after system reboot.

5.2.6. Port Polarity Setup

Port polarity defined the Input/Output settings on the controller board. It determines is an i/o is active high, or active low. The port number of system corresponds to the ports on the terminal board as Table 3 and Table 4.



Table 3 Corresponding signals of system input ports




System terminal No.	Terminal name	Corresponding signal	Remark
0	GX01(XORG)	Mechanical origin signal of X axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
1	GX02(XLM+)	Positive limit signal of X axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
2	GX03(XLM-)	Negative limit signal of X axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
3	GX04(YORG)	Mechanical origin signal of Y axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
4	GX05(YLM+)	Positive limit signal of Y axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
5	GX06(YLM-)	Negative limit signal of Y axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
6	GX07(ZORG)	Mechanical origin signal of Z axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
7	GX08(ZLM+)	Positive limit signal of Z axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
8	GX09(ZLM-)	Negative limit signal of Z axis	Externally connected with mechanical, photoelectric, proximity switches, etc
9	GX10	Extended input 0	
A	GX11	Extended input 1	


B	GX12	Extended input 2	
C	GX13	Extended input 3	
D	GX14	Extended input 4	
E	GX15	Extended input 5	
F	GX16	Tool calibration signal input	

Table 4 Corresponding signals of system output ports

System terminal No.	Terminal name	Corresponding signal	Remark
0	GY013(SP-)	Control port of spindle reverse rotation	Control ports of multi-section spindle gears with at most 8 gears of speed control; COM of spindle connected with GND of terminal during wiring
1	GY014(SP+)	Control port of spindle forward rotation	
2	GY15(S_2)	Output port of spindle speed gear 2	
3	GY16(S_1)	Output port of spindle speed gear 1	
4	GY17(S_0)	Output port of spindle speed gear 0	
5	GY18	Output port of workpiece cooling	
6	GY19	Output port of spindle coolant	
7	GY20	Output port of auto lubricating fluid	

Move the cursor by pressing  or  after shifting to polarity setting, and modify the value

by pressing  and . Press  to save the modification and return to the upper menu,

or press  to cancel the modification and return to the upper menu.




5.2.7. Calibration Block Thickness

The calibration block is used to quickly set the Z-zero point in the WCS. The block is placed between the tool and the material (if the Z-zero is on the top of the material,) the machine is then instructed to move down until the tool touches the block, completing a circuit. The block thickness is then accounted for and Z-zero position is set as been on top of the material.

The user can calculate the Calibration Block Thickness by doing the following:

- 1) Set the Calibration Block Thickness to 0.

- 2) Exit to the main screen.
- 3) Place the block on the table, under the tool.

- 4) Press  until Tool Calibration Mode is active. Press  +  and the tool will slowly move down until it touches the calibration block.
- 5) Remove the block. Slowly and carefully jog the machine until the cutter is touching the table. Record the value the Z axis displays, approximately 1.58 with most blocks.
- 6) This value is the Calibration Block Thickness, enter this value using the same method for modifying [spindle on/off delay]

Please refer to chapter 6.1.2 for the detailed operation method of tool calibration.

5.2.8. Backlash Compensation

Generally, spindle is fastened to the lead screw whose outer lead can't be exactly coincidental with its inner lead (it is attached to the outer lead). When spindle reverses its direction abruptly after moving towards a direction, it has to finish the lead screw backlash of the last direction, and this is called backlash error. To reach the specified processing accuracy, it is necessary to compensate this error, which is called backlash compensation. The compensation amount is set according to the actual test value.

This page includes two parameters: backlash compensation EN and backlash setting. The setup method of "compensation EN" is the same as that of "spindle on/off delay", while the setting method is the same as that of "back to mechanical origin speed". Modification to "backlash setting" is valid after system reboot.

5.2.9. Offset Setup

There are two Offset parameter, Public and Workpiece.

Workpiece offset: Sets X and Y offset relative to mechanical origin or Home position. These offsets are called by G54 to G59 commands in the g-code.

Public offset: Is used to adjust the WCS origin. Entering a value in this parameter will adjust the zero position by that value. eg X 5 will change the X zero position by positive 5.

Also, if coordinates are zeroed in the jog menu, whatever value is in this parameter will be applied to that zero. Usually these values will be zero.

The setup method of these two parameters is the same as that of "back to mechanical origin speed".

5.2.10. Tool Change Parameter Setup

The parameters related to tool change in NK105 system are all set here.

Currently the Techno NK105 configuration is manual tool change only, so these parameters are not relevant.

◆ **[Tool magazine capacity]**

Determines the number of tool holders in the system. Modification to this parameter becomes valid after system reboot.

◆ **[Current tool No.]**

It is used to select the currently tool in the spindle.

◆ **[Tool offset]**

Sets the tool offset for XYZ of the tool.

◆ **[Start tool change prompt]**

Determines if the machine will stop and create a breakpoint when a T command is encountered in

the g-code file. After entering the page, select “yes” or “no” by pressing  or .

5.3. Processing Parameter Configuration

Processing parameters mainly deal with acceleration, speed parameters and how the controller interprets Feedrates in a g-code file .

The menu level included in processing parameters configuration is as follows.

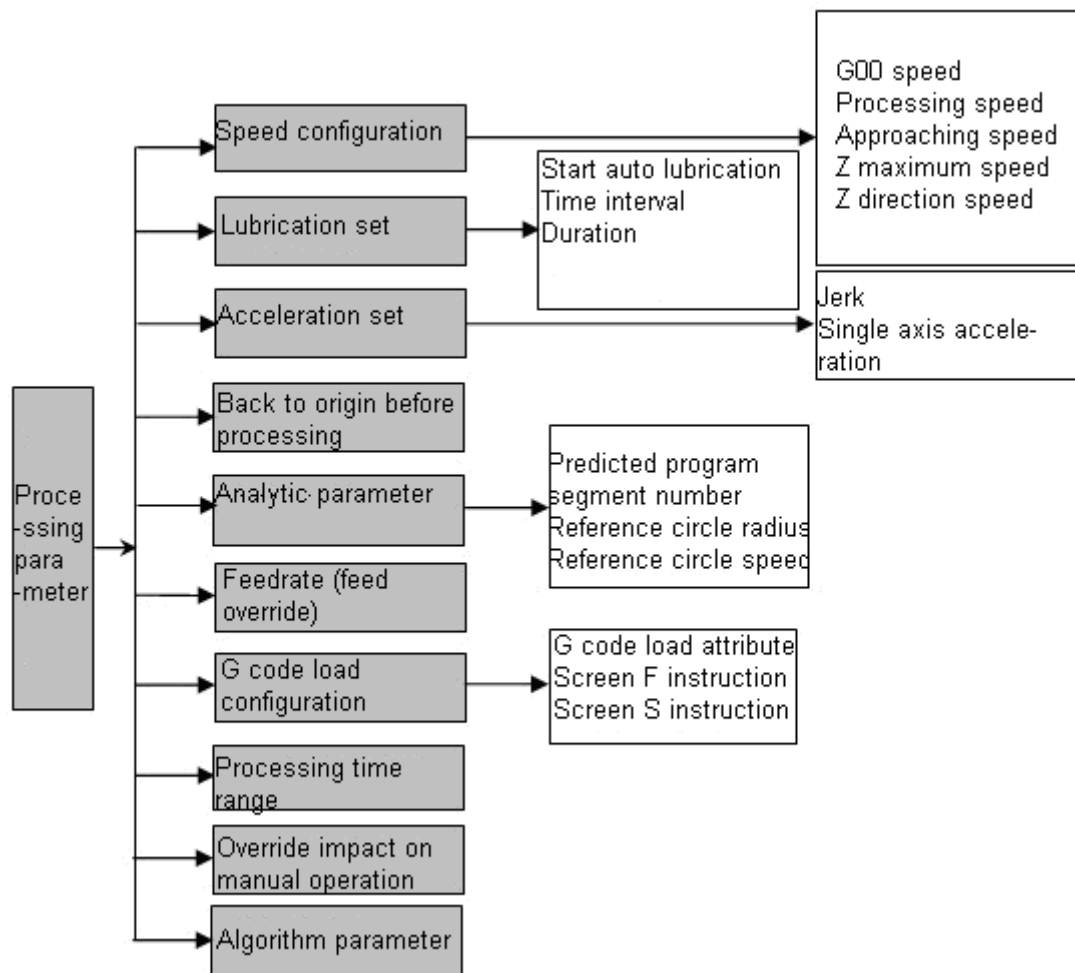


Fig. 5-8 Submenus of different levels under processing parameters configuration page

5.3.1. Speed Configuration

Speed configuration menu consists of:

Rapid Traverse Speed-This is the G00 speed when a g-code file is running.

Processing Speed- Is the speed the machine moves XY, when cutter is in the material.

Startup Speed-Is the speed the machine will be in on start-up.

Approaching speed -Is the speed the Z axis moves as it enters the material.

The adjustment of the parameters in this page is the same as that of "spindle on/ off delay".

5.3.2. Lubrication Setup

This function is not valid in the current setup.

5.3.3. Acceleration Configuration

Sets the values of jerk and single-axis acceleration. This determines the acceleration and smoothness of curves when a file is running.

5.3.4. Backing to Origin before Processing

This determines if the machine will move to the Home/Machine origin before a file will run. Generally this should be 'false'.

5.3.5. Analytic Parameter

This contains the parameters:

Forward-looking segments, reference circle radius and reference circle speed.

5.3.6. Feed Override

This sets the amount the feedrate will override when a g-code file is running.

5.3.7. G Code Load Setup

This menu has two parameters:



F instructions-If the value is 'true', default feedrates from the Speed Configuration menu are used and the feedrate in the g-code are ignored.



S instruction-If the value is 'true,' default spindle speeds are used and the values in the g-code file are ignored.



5.3.8. Processing Time Range

This menu will display the file envelope and the amount of time the file will take to run.

After entering this menu, a prompt to choose a file (from a USB flash disk or the system) will pop

up. Move cursor to select “USB file list” or “system file list” by pressing  or .

Press  to access the selected file list. And then move cursor to select a file by pressing .

or . Press  to load the file and analyze it, after which the file processing time and the maximum processing range of X, Y and Z axes will be displayed. The screen display is as shown in Fig. 5-6.

Time	0:20:1	
X:	36	590
Y:	17	362
Z:	0	1


Fig. 5-9 Processing time and range page



5.3.9. OR Imp on Man Op (Manual Mode Affected by Override)

This setting determines if Jog and step speeds are influenced by Feed Override. Modification to this parameter is valid after reboot.

5.3.10. Algorithm Parameter

This activated the S type algorithm for acceleration deceleration. S type algorithm provides uniform acceleration/deceleration and allows for smooth movement on curves.

Press  to enter the modification page.

Select “yes” or “no” to modify the parameter by pressing  or .

5.4. System File Parameter

This menu provides access to system and file parameters.

File levels included in the system file parameters page is as shown in Fig. 5-7.

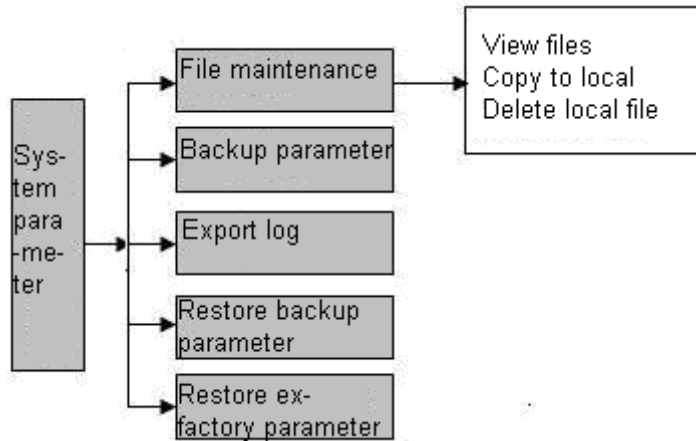


Fig. 5-10 Submenus of each different level under system file parameters page

5.4.1. File Maintenance

There are three items in this menu screen.

◆ **[View file]**

It shows G code line by line. A newline can be displayed by pressing



and

◆ **[Copy file to local]**

Will copy a file from the USB onto the controller.

◆ **[Delete local file]**

Will delete a file from the system.

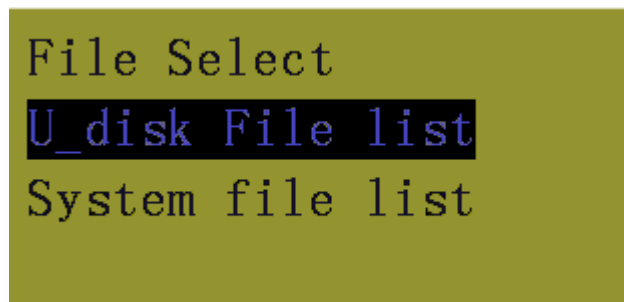





Fig. 5-11 File selection interface


After finding the desired file, press  to execute the corresponding operation. If there is no file under this path, “no processing file is found” will be displayed.

Return to the upper menu by pressing  or .





5.4.2. Backup Parameter

This will backup the system parameters.

Press  to confirm backing up the parameter.

5.4.3. Log Export





A Log.txt will be generated and exported to the USB disk.

Return to the main page by pressing  or .

5.4.4. Backup Parameter Recovery


This will restore the parameters that have been previously backed up.



Once the parameters are restored the system will require a reboot.

Restart the system by pressing  +  or restart later. Or return to the upper page by pressing  or .

5.4.5. Ex-factory Parameter Recovery

This will restore the factory parameters, this is necessary if the parameter file becomes corrupt, or after a system upgrade.

Move cursor to this option, then press  to enter.

Follow the on screen instructions and press  . Once the factory parameters are restored a reboot is required and the message in Fig. 5-9 is displayed.

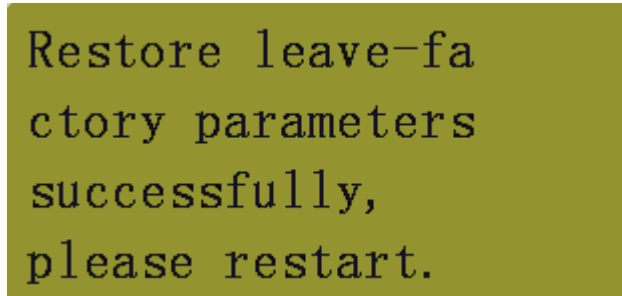








Fig. 5-12 Page of recovering ex-factory parameter successfully

Reboot the system by pressing  + , or return to the upper page by pressing   or  . Backup parameters will not be deleted by this action.



5.5. Advanced Processing Configuration

Advanced processing contains program functions

5.5.1. Stalling Setting

This setting dictates what the machine does after a g-code file has come to an end.

◆ **[Stalling method]**

Move the cursor to “stalling method” item, then press  , as shown in Fig. 5-10.

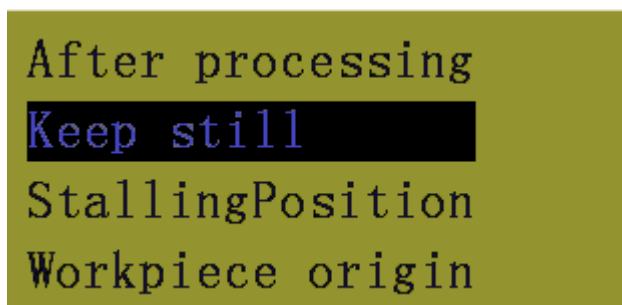



Fig. 5-13 Action after auto processing page

Move cursor to select and then press .

Keep Still-The machine will remain in the position of the last coordinate in the g-code file.

Stalling Position-The machine will move to a specified position when the G-code file ends.

Workpiece Origin-The machine will move to Xyz zero position.

◆ **[Stalling position]**

Move cursor to “stalling position” then press  to enter the “stalling position” page, as Fig.

5-11.

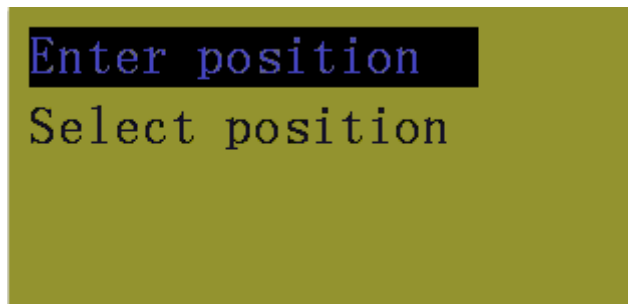


Fig. 5-14 Stalling position page

Enter position allows the user to enter coordinates in the MCS. The machine will move to this position when a g-code file is complete.

Select Position allows the user to save the location the machine is in at that point as the position the machine will move to at the end of a g-code file.

5.5.2. Rectangle Planar Milling Processing

The user can create a basic rectangle milling file from the controller. This can be used to plan a piece of material.

◆ **[Processing parameters setup]**

The following parameters must be entered.

Engraving depth: This is the step over of the tool path.

Cutting depth: This is how deep the cutter will go into the material.

Tool diameter: This is the diameter of the tool to be used.

Nose distance: This is the distance the tool lifts above the material.





Height, Width: This is the size of the rectangle to be planned.




XY start coordinate: Is where the file will start from, usually 0.

Processing manner: This determines if the tool path will be horizontal milling or vertical milling.

◆ **[File generation and loading]**

Once the parameters are selected the file will be created and loaded onto the memory from

this screen. If there is a file already loaded remove it by Pressing   or   to enter the




processing page and then unload the file by pressing  +  .

5.5.3. Region Selection Processing

This section allows the user to skip to a block of text in a g-code file.

◆ **[Processing file selection]**

Load a file from the usb or internal memory. If there is a prompt to unload the file, it is

necessary to return to processing page manually and press  +   to unload the file.

◆ **[Processing parameter setting]**

In this menu the starting line and the end line are selected.

◆ **[Start machining]**

This will start the file from the parameters entered in “processing parameter setting”

5.6. System Diagnosis

This menu is used by the manufacturer to diagnose the controller and by the user to upgrade the system.

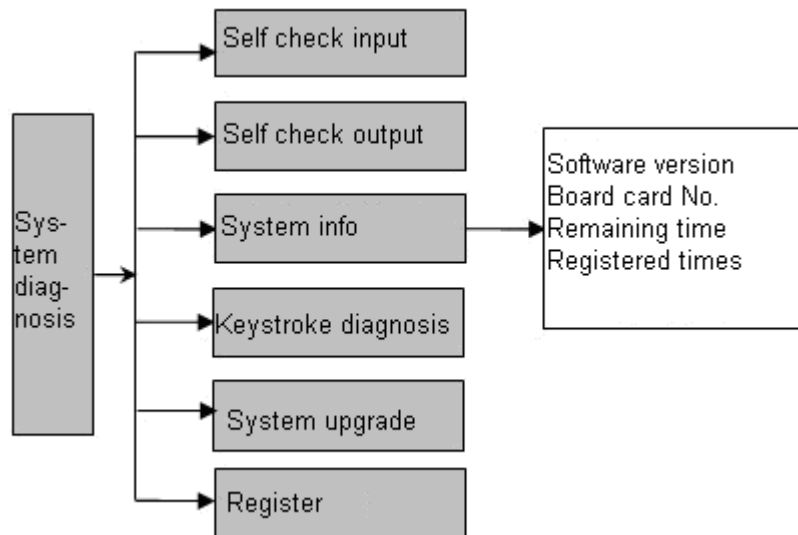


Fig. 5-15 Submenus of all different levels in system diagnosis page

5.6.1. Self-detection Input

This displays the polarity of input ports. Nothing in this menu can be modified by the user.

5.6.2. Self-detection Output



This displays the polarity of output ports. Nothing in this menu can be modified by the user.

5.6.3. System Info.

In this page, user can view system software version, control card No. and registration details.

5.6.4. Keystroke Diagnosis

This is used to diagnose faulty keys. After entering, the system will display a prompt “press the

next button”. Press any key (except  ) to show the name of the pressed key on the screen, as shown in Fig. 5-13.

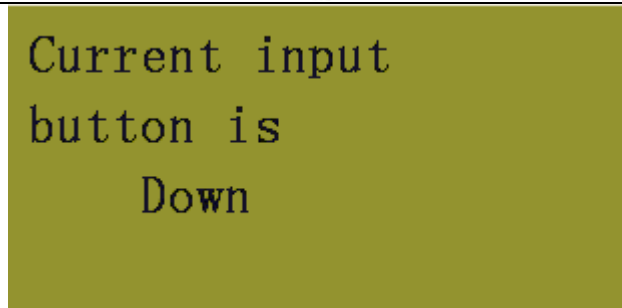












Fig. 5-16 Currently pressed button display page

Press   to exit from this page.

5.6.5. System Upgrade

Press   twice, and then the prompt “please reboot the system!” will be displayed on the

screen. Upgrade can be aborted by pressing   or  .

To upgrade the system, he can press  +  to enter the upgrade page, as shown in Fig. 5-14.

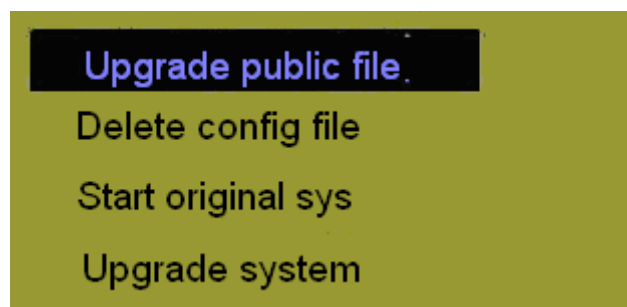




Fig. 5-17 System upgrade page

Select a corresponding operation in this page by pressing down key  or up key .

“Update public file” will upgrade the Public.dat file;

“delete config file” will delete the configuration file in BOOT, This must be done before performing “upgrade system”;

“start the original system” will start the system without upgrading it;

“upgrade system” means deleting the original system and upgrading the system with the new application file in the USB flash disk.

Please refer to chapter 2.2.3 for the operation of system upgrade.

Exit from the system upgrade page and enter start page by pressing




on “start the original system”. Or exit from the system upgrade page by pressing



after selecting “upgrade system”. Then restart the system

5.6.6. System Registration

Move cursor on this item, and then press  to enter a registration code, as shown in Fig. 5-15.

5-15.

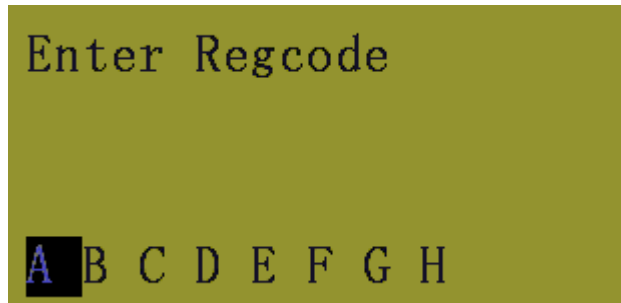


Fig. 5-18 Registration page

6. System Installation

6.1. Basic Configuration of Ncstudio™

◆ Basic configuration of NK105 system

Memory:	128M
Flash:	256M
Display:	128*64 graphic LCM

6.2. Recovery of Ncstudio™



When the NK105 unit leaves the Techno factory the correct settings are installed and the machine can be used as soon as power is attached. However if a failure occurs in the units memory, the system can be refreshed or upgraded easily

6.2.1. Configuration Update


An USB flash disk is needed to store the system image and updated data.

6.2.2. System Image Update:Upgrading Firmware.

- 1) Prepare an USB flash disk with required system image EBOOT105.nb0, NK105.nb0 and system application under its root directory. Please contact Tech Support at Techno if you do not have these files. Insert the flask disk into USB interface on NK105 control box.

- 2) Power on NK105, then press  +  to show the update selection screen. Then press "3" to select "Image" and start updating system image. This process can take up to 3 minutes, so please be patient. Once the update is complete, the screen will display "USB device can be used now!" Press "OK" to access system update screen, and then select "delete config file". Once the configuration file is deleted, select "system update" to start updating system application. When the update is finished, the system will start automatically.


NOTE: It is necessary to restore factory parameters after each system update. If "delete config file" has not been selected first during update, factory parameters needs to be restored after system update completes. To

restore Factory settings: after system automatic start-up, press  key to enter menu page, and then select "system param" then "restore factory param" , follow the instructions on the screen to complete.


6.2.3. System Application Update

Updating the system image/firmware will also update the System Application, ie the interface software that is on the Handheld controller. If it is unnecessary to update system image, the system application software can be updated by the following steps:

- 1) Prepare a flash disk with the system application to be updated under its root directory. Insert it into USB interface on NK105 control box.

- 2) Power on NK105. When you enter the system interface, press  to enter menu items, and then select "system diagnosis" and then "system upgrade." Follow the prompt on the screen until the screen shows "USB device can be used now!" press "OK" to shift to system update interface, then select "delete config file." Once the file is deleted, please choose "system update" to start updating system application. When update is finished, the program will switch over to system automatically.

NOTE: It is necessary to restore factory parameters after each system update. If "delete config file" has not been selected first during update, factory parameters needs to be restored after system update completes. To

restore Factory settings: after system automatic start-up, press  key to enter menu page, and then select "system param" then "restore factory param" , follow the instructions on the screen to complete.

Hand-Held Controller Common Tasks

TECHNO HD SERIES USER MANUAL

This Quick Guide outlines the most common tasks required to operate the HD Series Router. For more complete information, refer to the official user manual.

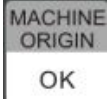


Start Up Procedure

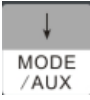
Turn on Power breaker on front of controller


Press green button Power on button on top left of controller

Wait for message on pendant to send machine to reference point ?

Press OK  (Machine will move to home position at slow speed)

Set XY Zero Position (If Needed)

Put machine in Jog Mode using the Mode/Aux button  Mode is displayed on pendant

Using the Pendant, move the machine to the desired spot and press the XY> Zero button 


The position display will change to X 0.0 Y 0.0

X Y Zero can be set anywhere on the table and This point will remain the Zero location until changed even if the machine is turned off.

During initial machine set up we set the X Y Zero to the front left corner of the table, this will remain the X Y Zero location until changed.


Tool Calibration



Must be performed if the tool is changed or a different thickness material is to be cut.

Place machine in Jog Mode using the Mode/Aux Button  Mode is displayed on pendant

Move the machine to a convenient location

Place the calibration pad directly under the cutter

Press the Mode/Aux button  until the Toolcalibration mode is displayed


Hold down the Mode/Aux  button and then press the 0/HIGHSPEED button 

The tool will now move downward until it touches the calibration pad and then retract

The Z zero location is now set to the top of the material to be cut.

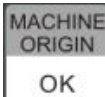
Process a NC File


Plug USB memory stick into USB port on front right of controller

Using Mode/Aux button  press repeatedly until Jog mode is displayed

Hold down the Mode/Aux  button and then press the Start button

On the display highlight “U Disk File List” with the up or down Arrow buttons

Press OK  to load the file


Highlight the desired NC file from the list using the up or down Arrow buttons 

Press OK 

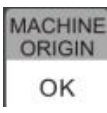
Press the Start button  to start cutting the file

Unloading a file

After cutting a file you must unload the file before a new file can be loaded and cut

You must be in Jog mode, if necessary press Mode/Aux button  repeatedly until Jog mode is displayed


Hold down the Mode/Aux button  and press 4 


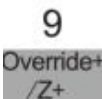
Machine will display “Are you sure you want to unload the file” Press OK 

You are now ready to load and cut another file.

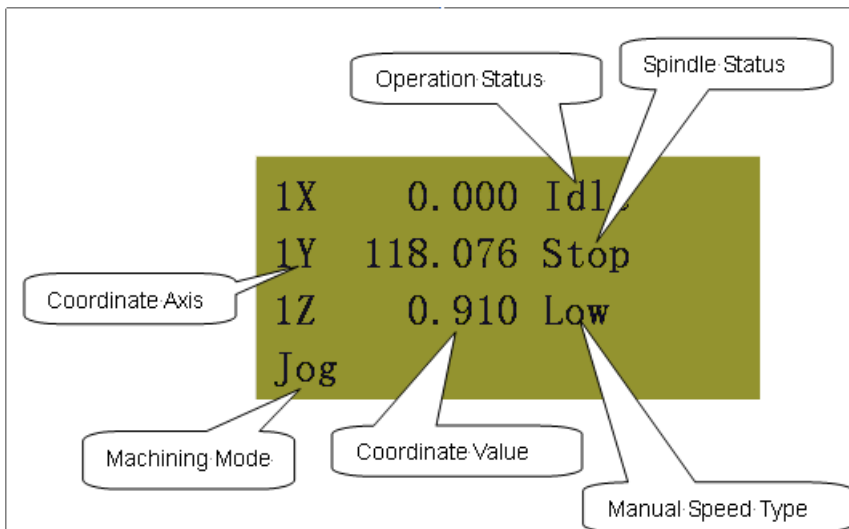
Changing to a Different Offset (a new X Y Zero location)

There are 6 available X Y Zero locations that can be set up. We have till now used only 1

To change to a new offset press Mode/Aux  repeatedly until Jog mode is displayed

Hold Down Mode/Aux  and press 9  repeatedly until the desired offset is displayed

The offset number is displayed to the left of the Z X Z display 1 through 6 as shown below





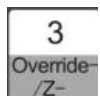

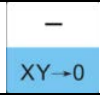

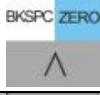


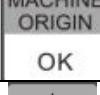
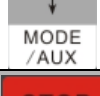
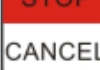
Each offset can have its own X Y and Z Zero

These additional offsets can be used to locate parts on different locations on the table however for ease of use you can use just one offset as we did in training.






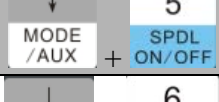



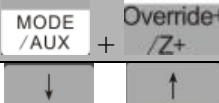



If the machine ever starts to cut in what appears to be the wrong location on the table, there is a chance you have accidentally selected a different offset.

Single Key Function Table

Key icon	Function
7 SPDL+	Increase of spindle gear during processing/ input of number 7
8 Y+	Positive shift of Y-axis/ input of number 8
9 Override+ /Z+	Positive shift of Z-axis/ input of number 9/ increase of feed override during processing (its range is from 0.1 to 1.2, each press increasing 0.1)
4 X-	Negative movement of X-axis/ input of number 4
5 SPDL ON/OFF	Start/stop of spindle under manual mode/ input of number 5
6 X+	Positive shift of X-axis/ input of number 6

	Decrease of spindle gear during processing/ input of number 1
	Negative movement of Y-axis/ input of number 2
	Negative shift of Z-axis/ input of number 3/ decrease of feed override during processing (its range is from 0.1 to 1.0, each press decreasing 0.1)
	Selection of high speed/ low speed movement under manual state/ input of number 0
	X-axis and Y-axis backing to origin/ input of minus sign
	Entering menu setup/ input of decimal point/ forced entrance to BOOT program during system start-up
	Each axis backing to workpiece origin/ backspace during input/ page up in menu page/ modification of “plus-minus, yes-no and polarity” during input
	Z-axis backing to origin/ up direction key
	Page down in menu page/ modification of “plus-minus, yes-no and polarity” during input/ starting processing file in processing page
	Backing to mechanical origin under [origin] mode/ confirmation of various selections, inputs and operations
	Down direction key/ mode shift under processing page/ shortcut key button (mode button is valid when pop-up)
	Adjustment of manual high/ low speed in processing page/ stopping processing/ cancel of various selections, inputs and operations

Function Information of Combination Key

Key icon	Function
	Floating calibration under [tool calibration] mode
	Continuous processing for breakpoint 1
	Continuous processing for breakpoint 2
	Continuous processing for breakpoint 3
	Unloading file
	Pause during processing
	Resume after pause
	Release and recovery of hard limit
	Switchover between WCS and MCS
	Selection of WCS (from G54 to G59)
	System reboot
	Log-out
	Selection of a processing file: after this combination key is pressed, system will load the processing file; if the file has been loaded, system will give a prompt that “please unload first”, at this time, combination key used to unload file should be pressed.

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